

WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow:

Fair. Warmer.

THE EVENING NEWS.

TEMPERATURE TODAY:

At 3 p. m., 89 degrees.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 29, 1906

NUMBER 85

Among the modern luxuries are

Kirschbaum Suits

in tropical wears and weights for hot weather. All the style and fit of regular full-lined garments. Serges and worsteds; quarter-lined with mohair or pongee silk. Skeleton construction, firm, shape-retaining and cool. Ask for Kirschbaum clothes, (warranted.)

\$15.00 to \$30.00

Wear the eastern styles. We are sole agents for A. B. Kirschbaum & Company in Ada.

Scott-Hoard Co.

GRAFTER OF KICKAPOOS IN MEXICAN PRISON

Guthrie, Ok., June 29.—A telegram received here by Acting United States Attorney Seothorn from his assistant, George Outcalt, now in Musquiz, Mexico, states that Martin J. Bently, former agent in Oklahoma for the Kickapoo Indians, is in jail there, having been tried, and being held as a common prisoner. Bently has for several years been superintending the removal of the Kickapoo Indians from Mexico, and recently through his influence an order was issued by the Chief of Police of Coahuila Province, forbidding Outcalt and Frank Thackery, the "present agent of the Kickapoo Indians in Oklahoma, from entering upon the Kickapoo reservation in Coahuila. In the telegram received today Outcalt also states that they now have authority to proceed with the investigation without molestation.

While nothing is known here of the immediate causes of Bently's arrest, yet the general opinion is that it results from the action of President Roosevelt in refusing to sign the Indian appropriation bill until the matter of their removal was settled. Outcalt and Thackery were sent to Coahuila by the Government to make the investigations, and when they were refused the per-

mission the matter was taken up with the Mexican authorities. The town of Musquiz is about a half day's journey south from Eagle Pass, Texas.

Quannah Refuses to Exhibit

Lawton, O. T., June 29.—Chief Quannah Parker has gone to Anadarko to transact business with Agent Blackman. Parker is extremely busy of late looking after tribal matters. The Indians have completed the selection of the land in lieu of that chosen before in reserve. Chief Parker stated that more than 300 infants are to receive allotments.

By request of the war department, five delegates of the Apache tribe, including Chief Geronimo, will go to Washington in their interest. They are ready to go and waiting further notice from the department as to the time they are wanted. Chief Parker of the Comanches, will accompany the Apaches and it is thought will be able to assist them greatly. Chief Parker has declined several invitations to participate in Independence day celebrations. He says:

"I will not go on exhibition like cattle at a county fair. They will point at me and say, 'There is Quannah Parker.'"

PREPARE FOR ANTI-TRUST FIGHT IN THE CONVENTION

Oklahoma City, Ok., June 29.—It is certain that there will be a strong fight to have some strong anti-trust laws inserted in the constitution for Oklahoma when the convention meets. A movement became known here today in which it was stated that the services of men of national reputation would come to Oklahoma to stomp the state in the effort to secure men for the constitutional convention pledged to put laws in the constitution absolutely prohibiting the formation of a trust of any character. It is said that the hardest fight ever known will be made to make the constitution of Oklahoma a model in regard to anti-trust laws.

After Federal Building.

Washington, D. C., June 29.—Robert L. Owen is making an effort to have the senate insert a provision in the public buildings bill which has passed the house, for a public building at Muskogee to cost \$225,000. Senator Stone of Missouri has charge of the amendment in the committee and Senator Clay, Culbertson and McCumber have promised to support it, but this evening he had not yet secured a majority of the committee. It is said on the committee, Senator Stone will offer the amendment on the floor of the senate. Mr. Owen points out that the Indian Territory is without a single government building.

SAYS SOUTHERN DISTRICT OFFICERS ARE IN FAVOR

Hon. George R. Walker, United States district attorney, and Hon. C. M. Campbell, clerk of the United States court, have just returned to Ardmore from an extended visit to Washington.

In an interview published in the Ardmoreite Judge Campbell had this to say of his trip:

"I gathered from what I could pick up at the departments and at the White House that Judge Townsend will be the judge of the Eastern district of the new state of Oklahoma, and that Mr. Walker will be the prosecuting attorney. Of course, you know that young Porter, the marshal, is a relative of the president and I can say authoritatively that the president is interested in his welfare and he inquired in a most solicitous manner as to how he was pleasing the people.

"There has been quite a change of opinion as to restrictions and I feel satisfied that they will be removed at the next session of congress. I had a short talk with Secretary of Interior Hitchcock who knows many things about the territory and its people. I am satisfied that the secretary is animated by the desire to do what he thinks best for the Indians. He recognizes that he has a big undertaking in settling the affairs of the five tribes, Secretary Hitchcock is honest. He is opposed to the wholesale removal of restrictions, but I think would not object to removing them from the members of the tribes who are not of the full blood. He realizes that with statehood comes taxation and that the lands must be taxed, and this can not be done so long as the title remains in the allottee."

POPULIST NATIONAL COMMITTEE ADJOURNS

St. Louis, Mo., June 29.—The National committee of the People's party, which assembled here Wednesday in annual conference upon the call of Chairman Ferris of Joliet, Ill., concluded its labors yesterday and adjourned sine die. The work accomplished consisted principally in the adoption of a resolution by H. J. Mullens of Tennessee, providing that the people's party agree heartily in the work being performed by the conference provisional committee of centralizing the reform organization of the country into an integral party—the people's party; the adoption of a general address to the American people setting forth the doc-

trines of the party, the authorization of Col. H. L. Bently of Texas to continue the work he has had individually pursued for sixteen years of originating people's party clubs throughout the United States, election of him as president of the People's Party Club organization and appointment of a committee to raise \$4,000 annually to defray the expenses incurred in the club federation movement; the authorization of a movement to establish a party publication organ as soon as conditions justify and a multitude of speeches discussing and expounding the doctrines and principles of the National party.

WISCONSIN DEMOCRACY IN BRYAN BAND WAGON

Milwaukee, June 29.—Wm. J. Bryan was strongly endorsed by the Democratic state convention which was held here yesterday. There were two occasions on which Mr. Bryan was mentioned, when the resolutions were read as a whole and again when the planks were adopted separately. In both instances his name was cheered repeatedly.

The Democratic platform as prepared by the committee on resolutions after an all-night session and presented to the convention as a whole for ratification, strongly endorses William J. Bryan as the Democratic candidate for

president in 1908. Among other things the platform demands enforcement of the statutes against all trusts, combinations and monopolies; favors revision of the present tariff; the election of United States senators by direct vote and government control and regulation of all public service corporations. On state matters the report favors a law conferring upon municipalities power to regulate public service corporations; favors two cents per mile maximum passenger rate; taxation on the ad valorem basis, and amendments to the primary election law.

JULY 25 TIME LIMIT FOR INDIAN BABIES

Commissioner Tams Bixby has issued the following official notice:

Warning notice—Enrollment of minor children of citizens of the Choctaw, Chickasaw, Cherokee and Creek Nations.

The act of congress approved April 26, 1906 (public 129), entitled "An act to provide for the final disposition of the affairs of the Five Civilized Tribes in the Indian Territory, and for other purposes," provides in part as follows:

That for ninety days after approval hereof applications shall be received for enrollment of children who were minors living March fourth, nineteen hundred and six, whose parents have been enrolled as members of the Choctaw, Chickasaw, Cherokee, or Creek tribes, or have applications for enrollment pending at the approval thereof, and for the purpose of enrollment under this section illegitimate children shall take the status of the mother, and allotments shall be made to children so enrolled.

Notice is hereby given that all applications for the enrollment of children under the provision of law above quoted must be submitted to and received by the Commissioner to the

Five Civilized Tribes not later than midnight, July 25, 1906.

All such applications must be made to the Commissioner to the Five Civilized Tribes and submitted upon the blanks provided for that purpose by this office.

The provision of law above quoted specifically limits the receipt of such applications to July twenty five, nineteen hundred and six, and there is no authority vested in this office or Department of Interior to receive or consider any such application after said date.

Tams Bixby, Commissioner to the Five Civilized Tribes, Muskogee, Indian Territory, June 25, 1906

Embry Droppin.

Guthrie, O. T., June 28.—It seems certain that John Embry cannot be confirmed as United States district attorney for Oklahoma, and the territorial administration and the Republican organization have endorsed John H. Cotterall, of Guthrie, for the place. Cotterall has agreed to take it, if Roosevelt will agree to continue him in the position after statehood.

COOL, BREEZY SUMMER CLOTHES

We've an excellent showing. Some skeleton lined; some without lining, in mighty nobby effects--blue serges, checks, plaids, stripes and a dozen different light-weight clothes.

A good suit from \$5.50 \$15.00

I. HARRIS.



PAINT THE TOWN RED

or any other color, with the celebrated True-Tagg Paint and its there to stay. It is the only paint that will withstand the intense heat, rain and wind peculiar to this climate. It is a high grade paint at a very low price, only \$1.25 per gallon. We also carry in stock a full line of Carriage and Wagon Paints, Neal's Enamel, Jap-a-lac, Glass, Putty, etc.

G. M. RAMSEY, Druggist. (Successor to Clark Drug Co.)

A Timely Suggestion

To Property Owners and Mortgagees:

Tornadoes and wind-storms have destroyed millions of dollars worth of property. In a few moments the savings of a lifetime disappear. Your property, or that held in trust by you, may at any time be similarly damaged or destroyed.

How would you be affected by such a loss? Are you insured?

A liberal form of contract protecting you in such an emergency can be had at low rates of premium from

OTIS B. WEAVER,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.

PAUL W. ALLEN,

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave., Phone 64.

OTIS B. WEAVER

Continues in the Real Estate Business

And will give careful and energetic attention to all business entrusted. He has some far bargains in Ada real estate. Manager for beautiful Sunrise Addition. Office headquarters for prospectors

Weaver Building, :: 12th and Broadway.

Patronize Home Industry

By Buying Ice From

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249. Office at Ice Plant.

OVERDRAFTS

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the comptroller of the currency. The large central banks allow overdrafts only in a very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

Ada National Bank.

Capital and Surplus, \$83,500.

Ada, Ind. Ter

Ada Evening News

OTIS B. WEAVER, PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, BUSINESS MGR.

Entered as second-class mail matter March 26, 1904, at the post office at Ada, Indian Territory under the Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

A SEWERAGE SYSTEM NEXT.

YET another thing, against the coming of statehood, Ada lacks—a sewerage system.

Now, let not our conservative taxpayers get frightened. If they will but stay to reason they will perceive the serious lack, the urgent need.

No one will deny that the city needs waterworks, and it has waterworks. Sewerage is a necessary companion utility to waterworks. It is impossible to keep a big town clean, and therefore healthful, without adequate sewerage.

There are certain businesses in Ada, such as bath houses, livery stables, hotels, printing establishments and various manufacturing plants, which without such drainage for their refuse are unabatable nuisances, however hard the owners may try to prevent it. Besides, in a community 4,000 thick scavengers can scarcely work fast enough in the residence district to keep it cleanly and healthful. The removal of the excess refuse must be facilitated. Sewerage is the only remedy.

This is a municipal improvement necessary in the eyes of the average investor. We are looking forward confidently, within the next year, to more railroads, a much larger city, and to extensive investments by foreign capital. Those investors looked for will as a rule, come from places enjoying sewerage service; they will be men who consider that public utility a necessity. And should they come here and find our citizenship indifferent to such improvements, the best of them will pass us up for more progressive towns.

Competent engineers will testify that the grade prevailing within the corporate limits is excellent for the construction of a good system. Moreover the city officers will assure you the municipal finances are in capital condition. At an exceedingly low valuation this year the taxable valuation is \$900,000. There exists against this a

bonded indebtedness of only \$45,000, \$30,000 of which is for waterworks and the remainder for schools. Already the sinking fund with which to pay this off has accumulated to \$5000. Recently M. D. Timberlake, chairman finance committee of the City Council, communicated with our bond holders seeking to pay at once that amount on the bonds; but they refused, saying the security was too good to accept payment before maturity, that instead they preferred to buy more of our bonds. This indicates the city's good credit abroad. We have been paying 2 per cent taxes, an exceedingly low taxation for a young Western town. Suppose we should issue \$30,000 worth of 5 per cent bonds for sewerage; they would be readily salable at a premium, and to provide for interest on same and a sinking fund would entail an increased taxation of scarcely more than two mills.

But that is not all. With sewerage service the scavenger fees saved would probably amount to as much as the additional tax. Furthermore, property not reached by the system would enjoy the general enhancement of property values which inevitably follows a public improvement of such magnitude—and to an extent far beyond the taxes paid. Another item not to be ignored: The building of sewerage would entail the consumption of a much greater volume of city water than is now used. This would bring increased revenues to the city's waterworks plant.

The News is heartily in favor of the enterprise, and believes the great bulk of our citizens will be of like mind after due thought is given the matter. Let the thinking and agitating begin at once. Already a number of the leading tax payers have spoken favorably on the project. The News gladly proffers its columns for a thorough discussion, pro and con.

THE GOVERNOR'S REASON.

It's a bit curious that Governor Frantz, who landed the biggest plum in the Oklahoma orchard, is the only man in the two territories who has disclaimed designs on something in the new state. This though as yet he has scarcely smelt powder in the warfare of politics. The governor says he's broke. That's a good reason, but we suspect he is also skeered. He wants to get into the army where the Democrats can't touch him.

An idea: Ada people, having no other way to celebrate the Glorious Fourth, can go down and help the powder men blast out the Oklahoma central right-of-way.

"WHAT will Arizona do?" asks a New York paper by way of heading an elaborate editorial on statehood. We don't give a continental what Arizona does. As for us, we're comin' on in.

Children's Day at Shiloh

The above Children's Day will be observed at the Shiloh Baptist Church on the 7th day of July, 1906, which will be Saturday, two miles south of Frank's I. T. Everybody is invited to come and bring with them a basket full of good things to eat. We are expecting and looking for Brother W. P. Blake, the general missionary of Indian Territory, to be with us and he will bring with him our Brother W. S. Wyle, who is in the interest of Sunday schools, employed by the American Baptist Publication Society. On Saturday night and Sunday we will have some soul stirring sermons preached by these two amiable brethren. Everybody is invited to come out and hear. If you don't learn anything new you will learn old things better in God's blessed book by inspiration given and if you faithfully follow the course here marked out you will not be shipwrecked.

Scripture reading, in concert, school standing—A Psalm of Praise.

Words of welcome by the superintendent. Responsive scripture reading led by assistant superintendent.

Singing by the school—The Rose Strewn Way.

Recitations—(a) God Give Us Men—by a young man.

(b) Speak the Good Word.

(c) Give in the Sunshine

(d) The Master Sculptor—by a young lady.

Singing by the school—The Flowers in June.

Recitations—(a) Reliance.

(b) The Girl Who Smiles.

(c) Advice.

Select readings—A Nature Prayer—by a young lady.

Class exercise. A song for the Homeland—by several boys, school joins in singing first and last stanzas of My Country 'Tis for Thee.

Primary department exercises.

Recitations—(a) Truly Ye Have Received—by a girl.

(b) Only Small Boys.

Class exercise—God's Gifts—by three small girls.

Singing by the primary school—Bearing Fruit for Jesus.

Recitations—(a) The Way of a Boy.

(b) My Grandma.

Class exercise—God is Love—by Nine Little People.

Singing by the school—Summer Days.

Recitations—(a) The Boy of His Word.

(b) How a Little Helps.

Address on the missionary work of the American Baptist Publication Society—offerings.

Emblematic piece—Homeward Bound—by several young people.

Singing by the School—On This Happy Children's Day.

Prof. F. J. Wilbanks, the western singer, will be with us.

H. COLBERT, Pastor.

Letter to Samuel Harris, Ada, I. T.

Dear Sir: A big mill-owner, Spartansburg, S. C., wanted 5,000 gallons of paint, and bought by price; paid 5c less than ours; got a 'lead-and-zinc' paint; but the lead was sulphate of lead, not carbonate. Sulphate costs about half; and covers about half.

That paint was adulterated about six times as much as the 5 cents paid for. He "saved" 5 cents; and it cost him 30c.

Oh no; it cost him more than that; we forgot the labor. Can't work it out exactly; don't know how long it'll wear.

Short-measure besides; that alone was twice as much as his "saving" 5 cents.

It was thin, too; some loss there; don't know how much.

There was too much dryer in it. The maker made something on that; he didn't.

Taking it altogether, he didn't make much by that 5 cents.

Go by the name; and the name is Devoe lead-and-zinc.

Yours truly

F. W. Devoe & Co

New York, Chicago and Kansas City

Better Than Any Other

Cuero, Tex., May 23, 1905.

"Ship one gross Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. We have been selling your Chill Cure for four years and it gives better general results than any Chill Tonic we have ever sold."—Cuero Drug Co. Sold by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

An Alarming Situation

frequently results from neglect of clogged bowels and torpid liver, until constipation becomes chronic. This condition is unknown to those who use Dr. King's New Life Pills; the best and gentlest regulators of stomach and bowels. Guaranteed by G. M. Ramsey and Dr. F. Z. Holley, druggists. Price 25c.

THE PILLAGER INDIANS.

Hereditary Home of a Tribe Who Trace Back Perhaps Twenty Centuries.

A long, deep, clear and very cold body of water called Brunside lake, north of Lake Superior near the Canadian boundary, contains, among over 100 other beautiful islands, a certain sunny islet that is of great interest to the archaeologist.

These islands and waters, writes Frank Abial Flower, in Records of the Past, constitute the hereditary home of the Pillager Indians, who are pagans. * * * One of these islands (known as Flower island) is, as it has been for generations, the seat of the Pillager kings. On it sleep, according to tribal tradition, over 50 successive Pillager rulers, the ancestors of the present chief or king, who, he says, must have reigned an average of 30 or 40 years each, as he himself has been chief for more than half a century.

Think of a dynasty extending over a period of perhaps 20 centuries! The more modern graves are carefully roofed with cedar bark, which, when kept dry and away from the earth, is almost imperishable. The very ancient graves have been essentially obliterated by the ravages of the elements. At the head of each of the traceable graves is carved the peculiar heraldic insignia of the king who sleeps beneath, and above him are placed receptacles for the mah-no-min (wild rice), fish, berries and other food which are brought annually by the related members of the tribe to appease, as they suppose, the hunger of the departed.

Extravagance for the Dead.

Burial customs were once modest with our people. But complicated and costly living appears to have made simple dying impossible, remarks the New York Mail. We run to weak ostentation in the surroundings and trappings of mortality. It is necessary to obtain this, to purchase that; it is the only good form, nothing else will do. It is the consideration of the living that we think about, not the simple respect due the dead. We forget that the costlier the earthly memorial we erect the shallower may be the record that we cut upon the tablets of our hearts.

Pleasant for Him.

"I was so sorry to hear of your daughter eloping with young Badger—"

"You needn't condole with me," interrupted Henpeck. "I'm tickled to death."

"But he's such an impertinent upstart."

"Well, it'll be a positive joy to have some one in the family who can talk up to my wife."—Philadelphia Ledger.

New Process Gasoline Stoves

The Best of All See Them



We have only a few Refrigerators left (the Leader) the best made. They are a luxury in the home. Sewing Machines, none better made, and prices low. Buy everything in the hardware line

From **R. E. HAYNES** The Hardware Merchant

Opposite Citizens National Bank.

Prices Are Right.

ADA, I. T. (O K)

ELECTRIC FANS AND IRONS

WE are receiving a shipment of 1906 Residence Electric Fans, which are beauties. We also have a line of Electric Smoothing Irons, which will make ironing day a pleasure. We cheerfully invite the ladies of Ada to visit our plant and examine these iron- and fans

Ada Electric & Gas Co.



HEALTH AND VITALITY

DR. MOTT'S NERVE-PILLS
The great iron and tonic pill and restorative for men and women, produces strength and vitality, builds up the system and renews the normal vigor bringing health and happiness. 60 doses in a box. For sale by all druggists or we will mail it, securely wrapped, on receipt of price, \$1.00 per box. 6 boxes for \$5.00. Dr. Mott's Chemical Co., Cleveland, O.

A Full Line of

May Manton Bazar PATTERNS

10c each. Catalogues 10c. Fashion Sheet Free.

These patterns are the best that can be purchased anywhere at any price.

Reed & Harrison

4 Trains a Day

Between

Chicago, Indianapolis and Cincinnati

VIA

MONON ROUTE

Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.

Finest Pullman Equipment, Including Compartment Cars, Incomparable Dining-Car Service.

The "LIMITED," A NEW TRAIN, leaving Chicago at 11:20 p. m., arriving Cincinnati 7:35 a. m., and leaving Cincinnati 11:25 p. m., arriving Chicago 7:40 a. m., is an especially popular train. Carries Indianapolis layover sleeper.

Chas. H. Rockwell,
Traffic Manager.

Frank J. Reed,
Gen. Pass. Agent

SUNSET ROUTE

OCEAN to OCEAN

Offers the Best

Fast Trains, Latest Dining, Sleeping and Observation Cars Between

New Orleans and California, Daily

Through Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, and will carry you over the

Road of a Thousand Wonders

that you read so much and hear so much about from the press and the people. Oil burning locomotives all the way; no smoke, no cinders. For beautiful illustrated literature and other information, see nearest Sunset Ticket Agent

THE NEWS' SOUVENIR ALBUM

Will Portray Ada and Ada Country in Beautiful Half Tone Pictures Made From

Actual Photographs

There will be Nearly 150 Views and no Expense is being spared in Compiling the Work

See Us About It

LOCAL NEWS

Big Statehood Rally Shawnee 4th. 84-2t

C. C. Hargis is in Franks today.

W. H. Ebey is in Tupelo today.

Dr. Nolen returned from Texas today.

Frank Byrd, of Franks, is in the city.

Dr. Bisant, dentist, over Ada National Bank. tf-279

Mrs. G. W. Cox returned today from Ozark, Ark.

Think about that barbecue at 12th street Market. 82-5t-d-pd.

Miss Alice Long has recovered from a two weeks' illness.

Dr. B. H. Erb, dentist, Henley & Biles building. Phone No. 1. tf-233

Mr. Norman, of Maxwell, is in town today.

J. J. Hardin, one of Oakman's substantial farmers, was in town today.

FOR RENT:—A furnished room.

J. T. Starling, of the southwest Ada vicinity, is in town today.

Mrs. T. J. Worthington, W. 14th St. 82-45t

Dr. T. H. Granger, dentist, over First National Bank. Phone 212. tf-74

Cam Galt and A. F. Pyeatt, of Pauls Valley, are transacting business in the city today.

WANTED—Girl, white or colored, for general housekeeping.—G. M. Ramsey, 14th and Rennie. 82-4-3t.

Mr. E. T. Norvill and wife, of near Center, are in town trading today.

J. J. Hardin leaves today for Comanchie, Texas, where he will visit his brothers.

Artistic millinery at interesting prices during the big sale this week at Westcott's, opposite postoffice. 83-3t

Chas. Little is at his place of business again after a brief illness.

FOR SALE.—Surrey and harness.

Mrs. T. J. Worthington W. 14th St. 82-45t

Greatest of all sales will be the big millinery sale Thursday afternoon and all day Friday and Saturday at Westcott's. 82-3t

Miss Lucile McCarty, of Durant, came in Thursday, the guest of her friend Miss Clyde Sipes, on east 14th street.

Low rates to Shawnee for the "Great Big 4th." Come sure. 84-2t

The News is informed that owing to the great success of a meeting at Stonewall, Rev. Morgan will not begin a meeting here until Monday evening.

Reserved seats for the band concert are now on sale at Ramsey's drug store.

M. M. Sanders, who is soliciting in the country, is at home today.

Mrs. A. K. Thornton is visiting her parents in Quinton. She will be joined by Mr. Thornton in a few days and they together will visit in Tennessee.

Mr. Slocum, of near Francis, informs us that the school club at Homer, elected trustees recently and a free school system will be had next fall. They are Chas. Morper, Ingram, Carney and Martin, and Lish Martin.

Band concert at the Opera House tonight. You ought to go.

Miss Kathryn Yater, who has been with the News for the past two months' left today for her home in Osgood, Ind. Miss Yater has made scores of friends during her short stay here and they, as well as the News, regret that she leaves Ada. But like all others, when there awhile, she will eventually return to the best country on the globe.

Do You Need Shoes?

If you want a pair of Shoes that combine style, elegance and individuality with the best leather and excellent workmanship, why not try ours? You will be satisfied with your selection. The latest correct styles for men, women and children

CHAPMAN The Shoe Man.

Attend the band concert tonight.

Mrs. Bettie Collins, of San Antonio, Texas, who has been visiting her brother J. P. Gaar, returned to her home today.

If you know anything that is newsy phone the News, No. 4.

R. C. Slocum, of near Francis, was in town today. He says never before in six years has this country been blessed with such great crop prospects.

A sale of special interest to all ladies—the sale of fine millinery at less than half price at Westcott's 83-3t

Miss Kathryn Rater, who has been with the Ada News for the past two months, left today for her home on the Wabash in Indiana today.

Shawnee the 4th. "Big Day." 84-2t

Carlton Weaver is chasing down items for the News. He begs you to remember matters of interest and tell him about them.

If you have a neighbor who make it a practice of borrowing the News, tell them 10c is not much.

Miss Mollie Jernigan left Thursday for a two months' visit with friends and relatives in Hopkinsville, Pam-broke and Franklin, Ky.

If you want a good local column in the News phone us and tell us what you know No. 4.

Mrs. Harrison Entertains.

On Thursday evening Mrs. Geo. Harrison entertained a dozen couples of Ada society folks at her home on east 15th street in honor of Miss Lillie Reed, of Decatur, Texas. The lawn was brilliantly illuminated with electricity and until a late hour the young people enjoyed games and refreshments. Misses Warren and Case, two of Ada's leading pianists, favored the occasion with music.

Wouldn't Dine at White House.

Washington, June 29.—John Willis of Glasgow, Mont., was invited by the President to take dinner with him last night. Willis declined and gave as his reason that he did not have a dress suit. "Oh, that needn't worry you at all," insisted the President.

"It makes lots of difference, Mr. President," answered Willis. "I know what's proper even if I don't always do the right thing. Besides, I don't like dress suits."

"You'd be just as welcome at my table if you came in buckskin trousers," was the cordial response of the President.

"I'm sure that's true," went on Willis, "but I guess I'll eat down where I'm bunking."

Willis and the President ranched together years ago and grew to be fond of each other.

JUDGE US

by our Soda. It has made hundreds of regular customers for us in the past. No expense has been spared to make it perfect—the most DELICIOUS BEVERAGE that can be produced. Our syrups are from FRESH FRUIT. They are PURE. A menu of one hundred cold drinks and you will like them all.

Mason Drug Co.

Telephone 55. Ada, - I. T.

Weaver for Congress.

Pauls Valley, I. T., June 29.—The Political pot is boiling. Everybody has some favorite candidate to present. A large number are candidates themselves.

But by far the most enthusiastic endorsement accorded to any man so far is given to Claude Weaver as a candidate for congress. Mr. Weaver is out pressing his canvass for all there is in it.

Cattlemen Must Go.

Lawton, Ok., June 29.—The cattle men who have leases in the prairie district in the northern part of the Chickasaw Nation are fearful lest the advent of statehood put them out of business in order that room may be made for the farmer. J. H. Stein of the cattle firm of Stein & Silverstein said today as he left for Tuttle,

"It is only a matter of time until we will be pushed out of the Nation. Our firm has ten thousand acres leased near Tuttle, and we have all our Territory cattle in the pasture there. After statehood is secured the cattlemen expect that the Indians who own the land will be persuaded to lease it to the farmers and that will push us out."

Tens of thousands of acres are under lease by several of the biggest firms in the Southwest in the Chickasaw Nation.

Those Who May Sell.

Muskogee, I. T., June 29.—The following named persons' applications for the removal of the restriction from the alienation of the lands allotted them exclusive of their homesteads has been approved by the Secretary of the Interior:

Chickasaws—Simeon Jefferson, Carbon; Louisa Harris, Savannah; Wesley Parker, Sterrett; Lena B. Swink; Swink; James Martin, Stigler; Sidney Spring, Tusahoma; Le Flore Dillard, Belzoni; Sophia D. Durant, Bennington; Sarah Combs, Hugo; Levi Harkins, Duncan; Ada Taylor, Indianola.

The following have been disapproved: Creeks—Williams Perryman, Clarksville; Jerick Nero, Edna.

Chickasaw—Ellis Bean, Oakman. Chickasaw—Elias Wesley, Cainesville; Simpson Bohanon, Tuskoema; Turner McIntosh, Enterprise; Jessie Terripin, Tahlequah; Katie Putman, Fort Gibson; William Paris, Tulsa; John Sanders, Locust Grove; John Viseory, Collinsville; Sarah Smith, Cleor; Samuel Bright, Westville; Rengir Hicks, Melvin; Annie Pradee, Bartlesville; Hannah E. Jackson, Forum.

JULY 4th.



To accommodate the extra travel July 4th, the M. K. & T. will run special train leaving Atoka 6 a. m., arriving at Oklahoma City 11:30 a. m. Leave Oklahoma City 6:30 p. m. arriving at Atoka 11:30 p. m. This train will make stops at all stations.

C. F. ORCHARD, Agent.

Frisco Rates For the Fourth.

For the Fourth of July Frisco will sell tickets at one and one third fare for round trip between stations where one way rate is \$7.50 or less. Tickets on sale July 3rd, and 4th, limit for return July 6th, 1906. I. McNair, Agent.

Deadly Serpent Bites

are as common in India as are stomach and liver troubles with us. For the latter however there is a sure remedy: Electric Bitters, the great restorative medicine, of which S. A. Brown of Bennettville, S. C., says: "They restored my wife to perfect health after years of suffering with dyspepsia and a chronically torpid liver." Electric Bitters cure chills and fever, malaria, biliousness, lame back, kidney troubles and bladder disorders. Sold on guarantee by G. M. Ramsey and Dr. F. Z. Holley, Druggist. Price 50c.

Following the Flag

When our soldiers went to Cuba and the Philippines health was the most important consideration. Willis T. Morgan, retired Commissary Sergeant U. S. A., of Rural Route 1, Concord, N. H., says: "I was two years in Cuba and two years in the Philippines, and being subject to colds I took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which kept me in perfect health. And now, in New Hampshire, we find it the best medicine in the world for coughs, colds, bronchial troubles and all lung diseases." Guaranteed at G. M. Ramsey's and Dr. F. Z. Holley, Druggist. Price 50c and \$1.00.

Out of 20 Kinds the Best.

"Ship one gross Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. It gives the best satisfaction of about 20 brands I carry."—J. R. Hafford, druggist, Rector, Ark. Children like it. Sold on a signed guaranty by G. M. Ramsey druggist.

M. K. T. Special

Round trip rates From Ada I. T.:

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 11th 12th and 13th, \$20.55.

Mexico City, Mex., Aug. 15th to Sept. 1st, \$38.00.

Galveston, Tex., June 1st to Sept. 30th, \$18.90.

San Francisco, Cal., June 25 to July 7, \$52.

Mexico City, Mexico, June 25 to July 7, \$40.

Portland, Ore., June 18 to 22, \$47.55.

Omaha, Neb., July 10 to 13, \$17.10.

Denver, Col., July 10 to 15, \$23.70.



C. F. Orchard, Agent.

I have opened the

Twelfth Street Meet Market

and ask a share of your patronage. Nothing but the best of meats will be carried and your patronage will be given the most careful attention.

C. L. HICKEY.



Travel Right

When you have occasion to travel, use the same discrimination in buying a ticket that you would in buying anything else. Assure yourself in advance of what you may expect in the way of comfort and convenience en route.

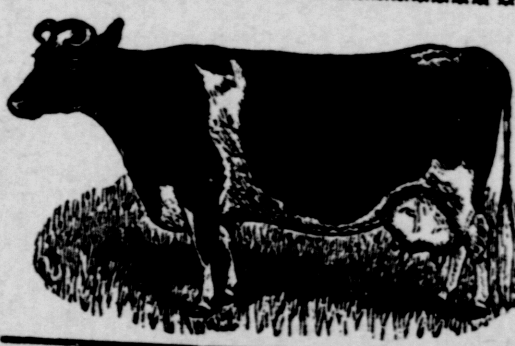
The Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad

with through trains (over its own rails) from St. Louis and Kansas City in the north, to San Antonio and Galveston in the south, offers a ready solution to the vexed question—"How to go?"

If there is any information you would like about a prospective trip, write me. I'll gladly give you the information and if possible have my representative call on you and personally assist you in every way. Think of my offer when you next have occasion to travel. Address.

W. S. ST. GEORGE, General Passenger & Ticket Agt. Wainwright Bldg., St. Louis.

Tickets are on sale everywhere, via Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway



New Dairy

I have started my wagon and am now prepared to supply the people with choice milk and cream. Your patronage solicited.

R. L. MCGUYRE, Phone No. 193.

LOANS

On Dead Claims, Intermarried Surplus and where Restrictions Are Removed. Improved City Property or to build.

Correct Neat Abstracts of Title at Reasonable Prices

ADA TITLE and TRUST CO.

W. H. EBey, Pres. and Manager,

HENRY M. FURMAN,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice.

Office in Duncan Building.

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GALBRAITH & McKEOWN

LAWYERS

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Attorneys-at-law

Practice in all Courts

Ada, I. T.

Steals Fire From the Mind

Malaria steals fire from the mind and vigor from the limb unless you take Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure to give yourself new vim. Better than quinine and does not effect the head. Pleasant to take. If you do not like it better than any other chill tonic G. M. Ramsey, druggist will pay your money back.

MISS NELLIE KENNEDY,

TRAINED NURSE.

Konawa - - - Ind. Ter.

Phone No. 33.

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Is given up to be best. Do

Largest Agency Work

of any plant in this Territory.

Reed & Harrison

Wholesale and Retail Buggies

The Best Makes, the Lowest Prices

Geo. A. Truitt,

Engineer and Land Surveyor

Office Rear Ada National Bank.

Prompt and Careful Attention

Given to All Work

Entrusted.

Frisco.

Summer tourist rates to points in the Southwest. Rate, one and one-fifth fare for round trip. Tickets on sale June 1st to September 30th. Final limit October 31st, 1906. This rate applies to many points in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia. Call and get particulars.

I. McNair, Agent,

Ada, I. T.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not straining or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles \$2.75. Circular sent on request.

The NICKEL STORE

Where You Save Money on Everything.

Do you read our advertisements? I am not advertising simply to stimulate trade temporarily. I am advertising for permanent increase. I usually quote prices by which we can stand, unless the manufacturers advance the price. I advertise mostly to let you know how we do business all the time. I desire to convince you that it will pay you to trade with us regularly.

A few mentionings in TINWARE

Extra heavy tin pudding pans, 1 qt., 5c; 2 qt., 6c; 3 qt., 7c; 4 qt., 8c. Tin pie plates, 2 for 5c. Perforated pie plates 4c. Plain jelly cake pan, deep, best goods, 5c each. Loose bottom jelly or pie plates, 9c each. Lipped preserve kettles, wire bail or handle, 10c, 14c, 18c, 20c. Pot covers, ringed, hemmed, full size, only 5c. Stamped dish pans, 10c and 15c. Combination nutmeg and vegetable grater, loop handle, only 9c. Extra heavy dairy pails, 10 qt., 20c; 12 qt., 25c. Japaned bread or cake boxes, cover fastens with a hasp. You will save enough bread or cake in a month to pay for one. Galvanized pails make the best all around bucket, 10 qt., 15c; 12 qt., 20c.

WOODEN WARE

Rolling pins, 10c. Potato mashers, 5c. Butter ladles, 5c. Butter moulds, 5c. Vegetable slicers, 10c. Clothes pins, 3 doz 5c. Tooth picks, 3 pkgs. 10c.

Finest Glass Ware and China at astonishing prices.

Cups and saucers, 50c values, a set 39c. Dinner plates, 50c values, a set 35c. 8 inch platters, 15c values, each 10c. 7 inch oval meat dishes, 15c values, each 10c. Fine American China cups and saucers, decorated, \$1.25 values, per set 75c. Dinner sets of the same goods, a set 75c. White granite milk pitchers, 29c, 35c, 44c.

UMBRELLAS

A very nice assortment for ladies or gentlemen. Not the extra fancy kinds at fancy prices, but serviceable and dependable, 39c, 50c, 60c, \$1.00, \$1.20. Special fan sale. Japanese folding fans, 10c.

Arm & Hammer brand soda, 4 lb. pkgs. for 25c. K. C. baking powder, two 15 oz. cans for 25c. 2 oz. boxes Bag Blueing two boxes 5c. Giant or Eagle Lye, 4 cans, 25c. Silk Laundry soap, 8 cakes, 25c. Wire fly traps, all metal, 15c. Tanglefoot sticky fly paper, 2 double sheets 5c. Jelly glasses with tin covers, 24c per doz.

5th

Nickel Store.

The 5c and 10c store of Ada, I. T.

S. M. Shaw, Prop. New location on Main street third door west of Rollow's corner.

Phone 77.

PROGRAMME

Ada Band Concert

Friday Evening, June 29, 1906, at 8:30

- 1 Band "The Rambler." —Crumley
- 2 Piano Duet "Invitation to the Dance." Misses Case and Warren.
- 3 Violin and Cornet "Valurile Dunari." Messrs. Cummings and Stevenson. Miss Eddleman, Piano.
- 4 Piano Solo "Faust Fantasia." Miss Murry Lucas. —Sidney Smith
- 5 Band March "The Request." —Brundridge
- 6 Vocal Solo "Mexico." Miss Eddleman. Miss Warren, Piano.
- 7 Vocal Duet "O! That We Two Were Maying." Misses Gertrude Case and Murry Lucas. Miss Warren, Piano.
- 8 Violin, Cornet, Piano "Alpen Klange." Messrs. Cummings and Stevenson and Miss Eddleman.
- 9 Vocal Solo "Meditation." Miss Snead. Miss Case, Piano.
- 10 Band "Santa Claus March." —Ripley

Admission 25c, 35c and 50c. Reserved Seats an Sale at Ramsey's Drug Store.

Spend an hour and thirty minutes listening to beautiful music and assist the Band Boys in a good cause.

RODENT ENEMIES OF THE FARM AND WARFARE ON THEM

Two-Thirds of the Farm Area of the United States Suffers from the Depredations of the Little Animals.

Time was when the American farmer would have laughed to scorn the notion that he could be afraid of a mouse. And yet this is undeniably the situation in which he finds himself today.

There is a plague of meadow mice, which at periodical intervals assumes the proportions of an epidemic, the little rodents multiplying in enormous numbers and devouring the trees and crops. Such an epidemic recently extended clear across the country from Massachusetts to the Rocky mountain, the mice appearing in veritable armies. In the Mississippi valley they did hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of damage.

These are not the common field mice. They are of quite a different species—thick-set little fellows, with square heads and short tails. Assailed by them, the farmers are well-nigh helpless, inasmuch as they are too small and too numerous to be destroyed by guns, or by traps, or by poisons. For which reason it is that the department of agriculture is trying to find a new and effective means for wiping them out wholesale.

It is a microbe that is wanted—a bacillus which can be used to infect the rodent legions with a deadly and easily distributed malady. Such germs are obtainable—one of them has recently been employed with most satisfactory results in Europe—and the

chance. Two species of these ground squirrels annually destroy from two to five per cent. of the grain crops in the state of Washington, and from four to ten per cent. of all crops produced in that state, where the total loss caused by them runs up into millions of dollars yearly. In the wheat fields (Washington raises about \$15,000,000 worth of wheat per annum) the loss is at least one dollar per acre. All of which makes no reckoning of money spent in trapping and poisoning of the pestiferous creatures, which in a single county (Whitman) amounts to \$500,000 each twelvemonth.

Twenty years ago Dr. Elliott Coues, a famous naturalist, wrote of some observations which he had made of one species of ground squirrel, commonly known as the "flickertail," on a journey through the northwest.

The evil in question is one of great magnitude over more than two-thirds of the United States. There are about 35 species of these ground squirrels, and one of the most destructive of them, the striped spermophile, has a special trick of digging up newly planted corn. In this way large fields of corn are often destroyed by them, and have to be planted over several times. It is the same way with wheat, oats, barley and rye. As the grains begin to develop soon after blossoming, the ground squirrels cut down the stalks and eat them. And later on, when the

Story of the Breaking of the Heifer

BY EDGAR L. VINCENT.

What now, my son? That's a pretty big stick to be bringing into the stable. What are you going to do with it?

Laddie looked sheepish at the words and seemed somehow to wish he hadn't done it. Still, like every boy, he had an explanation of his conduct.

"Why, don't you remember that article you were reading in the farm paper the other evening about the way to break heifers to milk? The man said to get a good whip and just the minute the heifer stirred after you sat down to milk her, get right up and give her a good cut with the switch. He said if a fellow stuck to that a few times the heifer would get sick

place on one of my shins yet. That would not let me forget quite yet.

"I know, but Laddie, it is all so new to her yet. She doesn't quite understand about it. Now suppose you were just beginning to learn to do some new piece of work. Would you want some one to haul up and give you a good whack across the back if you happened to make a mistake and do something not quite right? Wouldn't you kick worse than little Beauty does? And wouldn't you be all the time looking out after that for cuts of that kind? Beauty is a nice heifer. We do not want to have her spoiled at the very start."

"How would you get at it, then, father?"

The whip was laid down. I know Laddie never really liked that way but there it was in the paper, and wasn't it all right, if you see it in the paper?

"Come in, and we'll try it, Laddie. Now, you know, it must seem queer to Beauty to have us reaching around her this way. You just slip around in front of her and give her a bit of something good to eat. Stand there and talk to her as you feed her. Rub her nose a little once in a while. In the meantime I will see what I can do at the milking. We must remember to be very patient. All ready now? Then here goes."

I sit down holding the pail firmly between my legs. I plant myself squarely to stand shocks for they may come. I speak gently. When the shocks come I hold on like a leech. But I do not scold. Laddie does his part well, and soon the heifer begins to forget about me. The nice bits of food that Laddie puts up for her take her attention from what is going on behind. Now and then I stop to stroke her sides softly and speak to her encouragingly.

"All right now," I say in the same steady tone of voice after a time. "That's all for this time."

"Got any milk in your pail, father?" I know there is a smile back of the question.

"Yes, and some on my clothes, my boy. But I have got something else that is worth more—my self respect and the confidence of the little heifer! Two or three times more and we will have her all right. We didn't have to use the whip, either!"

"Well, what I would like to know is, why did they put that piece in the paper?"

I have wondered about that myself. Why did they?—Farmers' Voice.



BETTER THAN THE STICK METHOD.

of kicking and stop. Thought I would try it on Beauty, to see how it would work."

There it was. I did remember that article, and I know that I thought then that that man must be a pretty hard hearted man, and his heifers of a different stripe and of a milder spirit than any I ever saw if they would stand it to be struck that way and not kick him just about out of the window. What a way that would be to teach a nice heifer to stand while being milked! It is a shame.

"Now, Laddie," I said as soon as I could get my thoughts together enough to meet this new situation, "I guess I wouldn't do that. Seems to me there is a better way. We never had any such times about getting our heifers broke in. Let's think about that a little."

"Well, Beauty kicked a blue streak this morning, don't you remember?" I remembered. There was a sore

Rhubarb Growing Which Pays

Cumberland county, New Jersey, has of recent years developed a new industry, particularly a winter industry with many people. The raising of rhubarb increases each season. For the winter market the roots are left in the ground until after they are frozen, and then crated like so many chunks of rock and put in an especially prepared house. A correspondent of the Rural New Yorker tells of one man at Greenwich, N. J., who has a house 37 feet wide by 224 feet long, where he raises over \$1,600



LOAD OF RHUBARB FOR THE CANNERY.

worth of rhubarb in a winter. The one-year-old roots do the best. The building is kept warm with three heaters, and no light allowed, as the light causes the leaves to develop, and it is stalks that are desired instead of leaves. A tin roof assures darkness; if under glass one-half of the growth goes to leaves. The frozen clods containing the roots are placed as close together as possible, then filled with dirt. This house can be filled twice during the winter. The first crop can



GROWING THE WINTER CROP.

be marketed for the Christmas trade and the next crop for the early spring market. The plants sell for 7½ cents per hill, or \$200 per acre.

For the summer market, when it is raised in the open field, the rhubarb is carted to the factories by great wagon loads, as shown in our first illustration. This load contains about two tons, and at the factory it is worth about five dollars per ton.

It is suggested that a little might be raised in our heated cellars. Let the fire do double duty, heating the house and raising a crop.

PRINCIPLES OF FRUIT GROWING

By Prof. John Craig, of Cornell University.

At a meeting of horticulturists, Prof. John Craig, of Cornell university, said:

"Every modern system of cultivating fruit recognizes as a first principle the right of the fruit tree to be considered a specific and sufficient crop under the soil, or at least to be regarded as a crop quite as exhausting in character as any grown by the farmer.

Unless the fruit grower realizes and put into practice the essential part of this principle he will fail as a cultivator of fruits.

Experiments in orcharding conducted some years ago at the Cornell experiment station proved conclusively that it cost the soil more to produce 20 average crops of apples than 20 average crops of wheat.

In other words, more fertility was extracted from the land in growing an acre of bearing apples for 20 years than in growing 20 consecutive crops of wheat. As a rule, the farmer recognizes the food needs of the wheat plant, but too often does he look upon the apple tree or fruit tree as a mere tenant of the soil, and one which is not to be regarded as a specific crop.

Having recognized the principle, the particular method of orcharding must be worked out by the fruit grower himself. This method will depend upon soil conditions and climate. Nevertheless, it is safe to say that in eight cases out of ten that method which employs clean tillage for at least part of the season will be most successful. It is also safe to say that all secondary crops in orchards are injurious.

IMPROVING THE PLUMS.—The plums that have been stung by the curculio, and the wormy fruit of the early summer, should be picked off. It isn't much trouble, and it doesn't cost any more to do it now than later. The fruit that brings high prices will grow much larger if these parasites are removed.

POLLUTED WELLS.—The Illinois state board of health has been making a careful examination of a number of "farm wells" in the state, and has found 40 per cent. to be polluted. This helps to explain why the death rate from typhoid fever is greater in the country districts than in the cities.

JAPANESE CATTLE.—It has been discovered that Japanese cattle under natural conditions are free from tuberculosis. The development of an immune breed would mean a big victory in the fight against consumption.

AN ELEPHANT FARM.—The latest addition to the list of "freak farms" in this country, is an elephant farm which is about to be established near Pasadena, Cal. It will be capable of maintaining a herd of 300 animals.

THE ELM LEAF BEETLE MAKING ITS WAY WEST

Insect Enemy First Imported from Europe Has Been Seen in Ohio and Illinois.

Until recently it has been supposed that there were no elm-leaf beetles west of the Alleghenys, as this insect was an importation from Europe. The probabilities are, however, that it is in existence in many places west of the Alleghenys, but its manifestations do not come under the notice of scientists. Within the last two years the

disappeared and have never been heard of in that locality since. This is in accordance with the character of this insect. Why it should appear on a single elm tree and then disappear entirely cannot be explained, except on the presumption that its bird enemies were so numerous as to exterminate its colony to the last insect. The pest, however, is an extremely dangerous



THE IMPORTED ELM-LEAF BEETLE. *Galeruca Xanthomelaena*; a, eggs; b, larvae; c, adults; d, eggs (enlarged); e, larvae (enlarged); f, dorsal view of same; g, pupa (enlarge); h, the beetle; i, portion of elytron of beetle (greatly enlarged).

insect has been reported in destructive numbers in different parts of Ohio. A writer in the Farmers' Review tells of having seen some of these insects several years ago in one locality in Illinois, but they subsequently

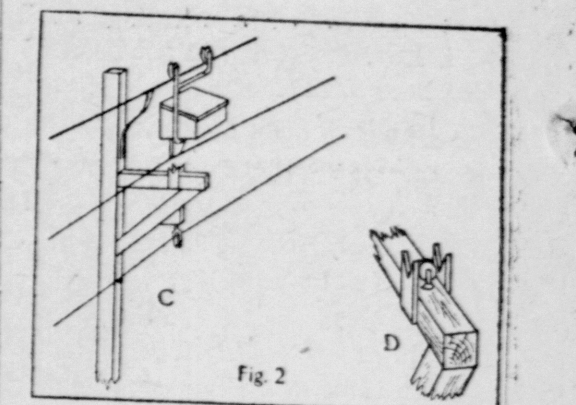
one, and the moment that the insects become so numerous that the birds cannot destroy them they become a menace to the elm trees. Every effort should, therefore, be made against its getting a foothold in any locality.

Trolley Line for Rural Mail Box

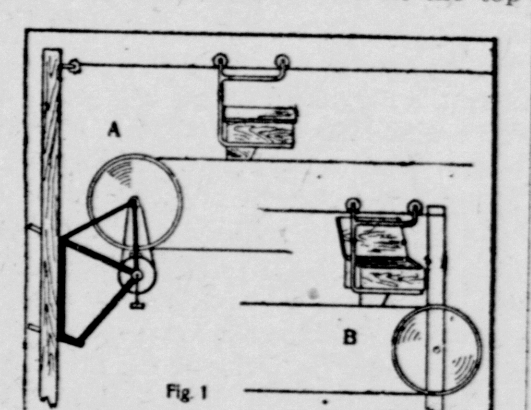
Patrons of rural routes living some distance back from the road will find a trolley for drawing the mail box to the house and sending it back again a great convenience. The illustrations show such a line, which was devised by a correspondent of the Rural New Yorker.

At the house end of the line a stout post is set in the ground and a bicycle, with saddle and front wheel removed, is fastened with pins against the post, as shown (Fig. 1), to serve as motive power. For the main wire No. 9 is the size used, and No. 17 galvanized for the belt wire. For a short line on level ground broom wire would do.

Posts are set every 50 or 60 yards between the house and the road ends of the line. Each of these intermediate posts has a bracket (D, Fig. 2) of 2x2-inch stuff, and an iron at the top



ONE OF THE INTERMEDIATE POSTS.

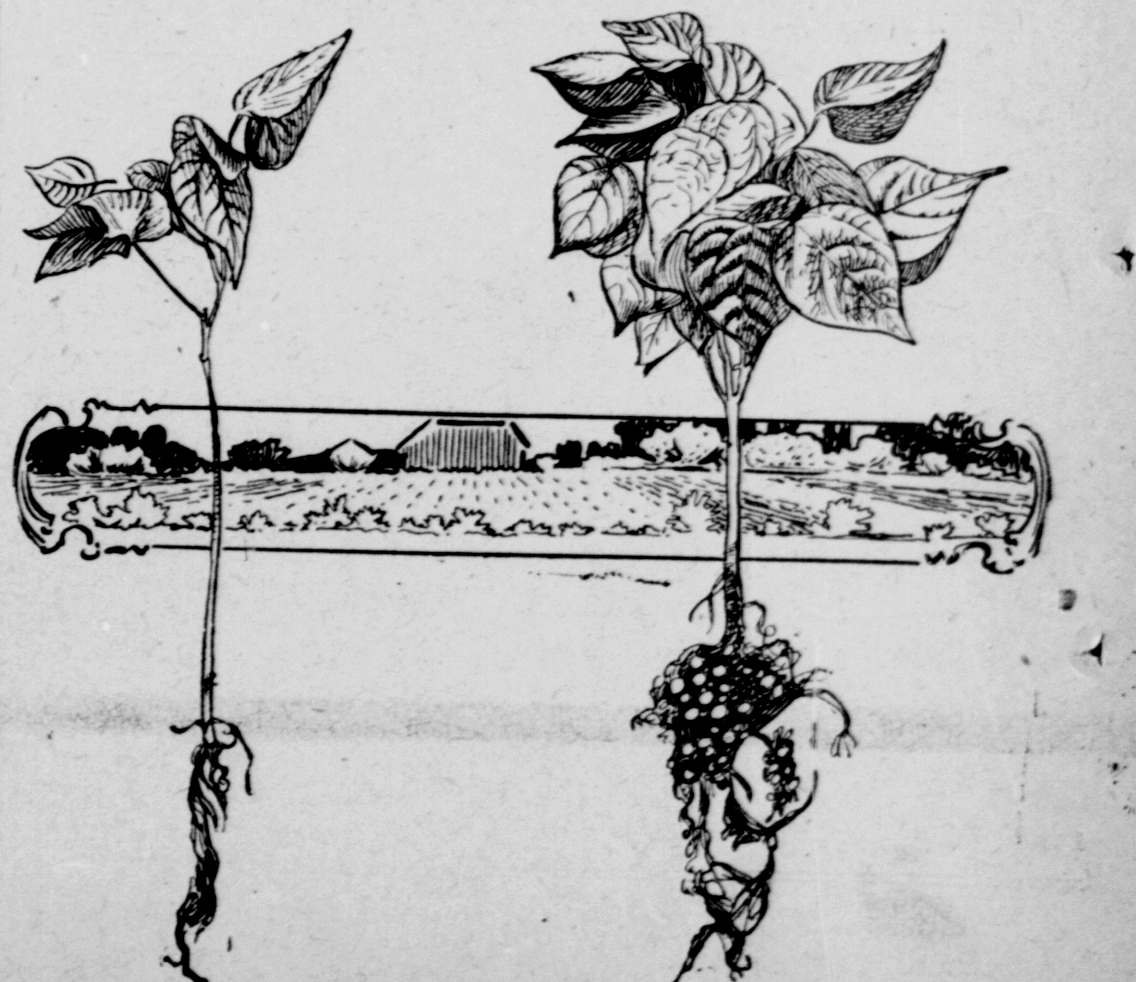


TERMINALS OF THE LINE.

for supporting the main wire (C, Fig. 2). This iron is made of old spring-wagon tire with a half-round groove on top for the wire to rest in. The top wire is high enough above the notched guides below so the bottom of the box will not bump when passing a bracket. The arrangement of pulleys and guides

dinary R. F. D. mail box is used, with a hard wood block one-half its length underneath it. The belt line starts at this block, runs the length of the line over the wheel on the post at the roadside, returns over the pulleys of the intermediate posts, passes around the bicycle wheel, and is fastened to the block under the box in a small hole in a piece of strap-iron fastened in the block. The wheel at the road end can be the front wheel of the bicycle or an old sewing machine wheel, and a trough or support for the box is provided at this end to hold it firm while being opened or closed (B, Fig. 1). The device as rigged up in this instance cost about five dollars. The line is 250 yards long and travels uphill 75 feet to the road. An electric alarm to let the patron know when there is mail in the box could be added by one of a little ingenuity.

Effect of Inoculation on the Growth of Snap Beans



TWO PLANTS OF SNAP BEANS GROWN IN ASHES.

(The one on the right inoculated, the one on the left not inoculated. Notice large mass of nodules on the inoculated plant. Drawing made from photograph from the Virginia Experiment Station Bulletin.)

A QUARTETTE BEFORE WHICH THE FARMER TREMBLES.

Government experts are looking for a suitable kind. When it is obtained they propose to propagate it artificially, placing "cultures" of it in the hands of farmers perhaps, with instructions for using the stuff in such a way as to make it as detrimental as possible to the mice.

The meadow mice are especially destructive to fruit trees, the bark of which they know, but they also attack crops. They cut down the stalks of grain, spoiling in this way several times as much as they eat, and, when the grain is harvested and left standing in shocks they take possession of the latter, building their nests in them. In winter they make tunnels under the snow, carrying on their mischievous work unobserved.

Now, the chief cause of the mouse plague seems to be found in the reckless killing off of the natural enemies of the little rodents, such as foxes, weasels, owls and hawks. Owls and hawks, which are among the best friends of the farmers, and the deadly foes of the mice, are destroyed whenever possible, bounties for them being actually offered in many of the states. In this way the balance of nature has been upset, and hence the enormous multiplication of the furry pests that occurs at intervals. The same remarks, indeed, apply to other kinds of gnawing animals which are at the present time eating millions of dollars worth of crops in this country annually.

In Florida, owing to similar causes, cotton rats have become vastly destructive. In fact, all along the gulf coast they swarm, and at times they multiply to such an extent as to amount to a literal plague, like the voles which from time to time have overrun parts of Europe. Living under cover of tall grass and weeds, around the edges of cultivated fields and along the banks of streams and ditches, they make bulky nests of grass on the surface of the ground or in underground burrows. They eat both the green and the ripening grain, and often their runways are fairly lined with cotton that has been pulled from the bolls and dragged under cover. Some of the cotton they carry away for their nests.

Nearly related to the cotton rats are the rice rats, which range as far north as the dismal swamp of Virginia.

Of much more serious importance than the mouse problem is another rodent pest that devours the crops to a greater or less extent over most of the west. This is the "spermophile," or ground squirrel—a small burrowing animal which eats pretty nearly everything that the farmer grows, and which will even carry off young chickens from the poultry yards when it gets a

grain is hard, they carry quantities of it into their burrows, to be consumed at leisure. They dig up squash, melon and other seeds; and another little trick of theirs is to cut holes in nearly ripe muskmelons and watermelons, to get at the seeds.

Yet another rodent nuisance which does immense damage is the "gopher," a little animal, often confused with the ground squirrel, but which is altogether different, living underground like a mole and rarely appearing above ground. It is described by Dr. Merriam of the department of agriculture as one of the most ferocious of living animals. Apparently it is not afraid of anything, and it will even attack a man on slightest provocation and try to eat him up. Its tail is an organ of touch, and it can run backwards as rapidly as forwards. But the most remarkable thing about it, perhaps, is its battery of teeth, with which it is able to make 12,200 cuts a minute.

This remarkable creature is found everywhere in this country west of, and in, the Mississippi valley, and south of the Savannah river.

Here again the farmers have been making the mistake of killing off the weasels and harmless bull snakes, which are the worst enemies of the gophers. It is a favor which the gophers should highly appreciate, but for the interests of agriculture it is extremely unfortunate. Tillers of the soil in this country are the most intelligent and best-informed people of their class in the world, and it is high time they should realize the danger of interfering with nature too much. Nature makes abundant provision for regulating the numbers of animals and preventing their too rapid increase. But, in their blind efforts to arrange their friends instead of their foes—a kind of mistake which is largely accountable for the rodent plagues that are causing so much anxiety at the present time.

AN OPTIMIST.—Secretary Wilson is surely an optimist. He says: "The grasshoppers will soon find so much to eat, that they will not be noticed, and the hot winds will find so much fresh and green to blow against that they will be checked and cooled. . . . In 1910 the production per acre will be twice as great as it was in 1900."

FEEDING ENGLISH BACON HOGS.—In England, practically all the breeders of "bacon" hogs use dairy by-products as the principal feed in their stock.

COLORADO'S LAMB CROP.—Over a million lambs were raised in Colorado last year. In the San Luis valley alone there were over 300,000 sheep.

WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow:

Fair. Warmer.

THE EVENING NEWS.

TEMPERATURE TODAY:

At 5 p. m., 89 degrees.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 29, 1906

NUMBER 85

Among the modern luxuries are

Kirschbaum Suits

in tropical wears and weights for hot weather. All the style and fit of regular full-lined garments. Serges and worsteds; quarter-lined with mohair or pongee silk. Skeleton construction, firm, shape-retaining and cool. Ask for Kirschbaum clothes, (warranted.)

\$15.00 to \$30.00

Wear the eastern styles. We are sole agents for A. B. Kirschbaum & Company in Ada.

Scott-Hoard Co.

GRAFTER OF KICKAPOOS IN MEXICAN PRISON

Guthrie, Ok., June 29.—A telegram received here by Acting United States Attorney Southern from his assistant, George Outcalt, now in Musquik, Mexico, states that Martin J. Bentley, former agent in Oklahoma for the Kickapoo Indians, is in jail there, having been tried, and being held as a common prisoner. Bentley has for several years been superintending the removal of the Kickapoo Indians to Mexico, and recently through his influence an order was issued by the Chief of Police of Coahuila Province, forbidding Outcalt and Frank Thacker, the present agent of the Kickapoo in Oklahoma, from entering upon the Kickapoo reservation in Coahuila. In the telegram received today Outcalt also states that they now have authority to proceed with the investigation without molestation.

While nothing is known here of the immediate causes of Bentley's arrest, yet the general opinion is that it results from the action of President Roosevelt in refusing to sign the Indian appropriation bill until the matter of their removal was settled. Outcalt and Thacker were sent to Coahuila by the Government to make the investigations, and when they were refused the per-

mission the matter was taken up with the Mexican authorities. The town of Musquik is about a half day's journey south from Eagle Pass, Texas.

Quannah Refuses to Exhibit

Lawton, O. T., June 29.—Chief Quannah Parker has gone to Anadarko to transact business with Agent Blackman. Parker is extremely busy of late looking after tribal matters. The Indians have completed the selection of the land in lieu of that chosen before in reserve. Chief Parker stated that more than 300 infants are to receive allotments.

By request of the war department, five delegates of the Apache tribe, including Chief Geronimo, will go to Washington in their interest. They are ready to go and waiting further notice from the department as to the time they are wanted. Chief Parker of the Comanches will accompany the Apaches and it is thought will be able to assist them greatly. Chief Parker has declined several invitations to participate in Independence day celebrations. He says: "I will not go on exhibition like cattle at a county fair. They will point at me and say, 'There is Quannah Parker.'"

PREPARE FOR ANTI-TRUST FIGHT IN THE CONVENTION

Oklahoma City, Ok., June 29.—It is certain that there will be a strong fight to have some strong anti-trust laws inserted in the constitution for Oklahoma when the convention meets. A movement became known here today in which it was stated that the services of men of national reputation would come to Oklahoma to stump the state in the effort to secure men for the constitutional convention pledged to put laws in the constitution absolutely prohibiting the formation of a trust of any character. It is said that the hardest fight ever known will be made to make the constitution of Oklahoma a model in regard to anti-trust laws.

After Federal Building.

Washington, D. C., June 29.—Robert L. Owen is making an effort to have the Senate insert a provision in the public buildings bill which has passed the house, for a public building at Muskogee to cost \$225,000. Senator Stone of Missouri has charge of the amendment in the committee and Senator Clay, Robertson and McCumber have promised to support it, but this evening he had not yet secured a majority of the committee. It is felt on the committee that Senator Stone will offer the amendment on the floor of the senate. Mr. Owen points out that the Indian Territory is without a single government building.

SAYS SOUTHERN DISTRICT OFFICERS ARE IN FAVOR

Hon. George R. Walker, United States district attorney, and Hon. C. M. Campbell, clerk of the United States court, have just returned to Ardmore from an extended visit to Washington.

In an interview published in the Ardmoreite Judge Campbell had this to say of his trip:

"I gathered from what I could pick up at the departments and at the White House that Judge Townsend will be the judge of the Eastern district of the new state of Oklahoma, and that Mr. Walker will be the prosecuting attorney. Of course, you know that young Porter, the marshal, is a relative of the president and I can say authoritatively that the president is interested in his welfare and he inquired in a most solicitous manner as to how he was pleasing the people.

"There has been quite a change of opinion as to restrictions and I feel satisfied that they will be removed at the next session of congress. I had a short talk with Secretary of Interior Hitchcock who knows many things about the territory and its people. I am satisfied that the secretary is animated by the desire to do what he thinks best for the Indians. He recognizes that he has a big undertaking in settling the affairs of the five tribes, Secretary Hitchcock is honest. He is opposed to the wholesale removal of restrictions, but I think would not object to removing them from the members of the tribes who are not of the full blood. He realizes that with statehood comes taxation and that the lands must be taxed, and this can not be done so long as the title remains in the allottee."

POPULIST NATIONAL COMMITTEE ADJOURNS

St. Louis, Mo., June 29.—The National committee of the People's party, which assembled here Wednesday in annual conference upon the call of Chairman Ferris of Joliet, Ill., concluded its labors yesterday and adjourned sine die. The work accomplished consisted principally in the adoption of a resolution by H. J. Mullens of Tennessee, providing that the people's party agree heartily in the work being performed by the conference provisional committee of centralizing the reform organization of the country into an integral party—the people's party; the adoption of a general address to the American people setting forth the doc-

trines of the party, the authorization of Col. H. L. Bentley of Texas to continue the work he has had individually pursued for sixteen years of originating people's party clubs throughout the United States, election of him as president of the People's Party Club organization and appointment of a committee to raise \$4,000 annually to defray the expenses incurred in the club federation movement; the authorization of a movement to establish a party publication organ as soon as conditions justify and a multitude of speeches discussing and expounding the doctrines and principles of the National party

WISCONSIN DEMOCRACY IN BRYAN BAND WAGON

Milwaukee, June 29.—Wm. J. Bryan was strongly endorsed by the Democratic state convention which was held here yesterday. There were two occasions on which Mr. Bryan was mentioned, when the resolutions were read as a whole and again when the planks were adopted separately. In both instances his name was cheered repeatedly.

The Democratic platform as presented by the committee on resolutions after an all-night session and presented to the convention as a whole for ratification, strongly endorses William J. Bryan as the Democratic candidate for

president in 1908. Among other things the platform demands enforcement of the statutes against all trusts, combinations and monopolies; favors revision of the present tariff; the election of United States senators by direct vote and government control and regulation of all public service corporations. On state matters the report favors a law conferring upon municipalities power to regulate public service corporations; favors two cents per mile maximum passenger rate; taxation on the ad valorem basis, and amendments to the primary election law.

JULY 25 TIME LIMIT FOR INDIAN BABIES

Commissioner Tams Bixby has issued the following official notice: Warning notice—Enrollment of minor children of citizens of the Choctaw, Chickasaw, Cherokee and Creek Nations.

The act of congress approved April 28, 1906 (public 129), entitled "An act to provide for the final disposition of the affairs of the Five Civilized Tribes in the Indian Territory, and for other purposes," provides in part as follows:

That for ninety days after approval hereof applications shall be received for enrollment of children who were minors living March fourth, nineteen hundred and six, whose parents have been enrolled as members of the Choctaw, Chickasaw, Cherokee, or Creek tribes, or have applications for enrollment pending at the approval thereof, and for the purpose of enrollment under this section illegitimate children shall take the status of the mother, and allotments shall be made to children so enrolled.

Notice is hereby given that all applications for the enrollment of children under the provision of law above mentioned must be submitted to and considered by the Commissioner of the

Five Civilized Tribes not later than midnight, July 25, 1906.

All such applications must be made to the Commissioner to the Five Civilized Tribes and submitted upon the blanks provided for that purpose by this office.

The provision of law above quoted specifically limits the receipt of such applications to July twenty five, nineteen hundred and six, and there is no authority vested in this office or Department of Interior to receive or consider any such application after said date.

Tams Bixby, Commissioner to the Five Civilized Tribes, Muskogee, Indian Territory, June 25, 1906.

Embry Droppit.

Guthrie, O. T., June 28.—It seems certain that John Embry cannot be confirmed as United States district attorney for Oklahoma, and the territorial administration and the Republican organization have endorsed John H. Cotterell of Guthrie, for the place. Cotterell has agreed to take it, if Roosevelt will agree to appoint him in the position after adjournment.

COOL, BREEZY SUMMER CLOTHES

We've an excellent showing. Some skeleton lined; some without lining, in mighty nobby effects--blue serges, checks, plaids, stripes and a dozen different light-weight clothes.

A good suit from \$5.50 \$15.00

I. HARRIS.



PAINT THE TOWN RED

or any other color, with the celebrated True-Tags Paint and its there to stay. It is the only paint that will withstand the intense heat, rain and wind peculiar to this climate. It is a high grade paint at a very low price, only \$1.25 per gallon. We also carry in stock a full line of Carriage and Wagon Paints, Shell's Enamel, Jap-a-lac, Glass, Putty, etc.

G. M. RAMSEY, Druggist. (Successor to Clark Drug Co.)

A Timely Suggestion

To Property Owners and Mortgagees:

Tornadoes and wind-storms have destroyed millions of dollars worth of property. In a few moments the savings of a lifetime disappear. Your property, or that held in trust by you, may at any time be similarly damaged or destroyed.

How would you be affected by such a loss? Are you insured? A liberal form of contract protecting you in such an emergency can be had at low rates of premium from

OTIS B. WEAVER.
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.

PAUL W. ALLEN.

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.

Horses Boarded by Day or Week.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Best of Service.

Allen Livery Barn

South Townsend Ave.,

Phone 64.

OTIS B. WEAVER

Continues in the Real Estate Business

And will give careful and energetic attention to all business entrusted. He has some very valuable land in Ada real estate. Manager for beautiful Sunrise Addition. Office headquarters for prospectors

Weaver Building, 12th and Broadway.

Patronize Home Industry

By Buying Ice From

Ada Ice and Fuel Co.

Keep Your Money at Home.

We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.

Phone 249.

Office at Ice Plant.

OVERDRAFTS

It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the comptroller of the currency. The larger central banks now refuse to cash any very small way, and this, it matters not how small, is not approved by the powers that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grows out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.

Ada National Bank.

Capital and Surplus, \$25,000.

Ada, Ind.

Ada Evening News

OTIS B. WEAVER, PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, BUSINESS MGR.

Entered as second class mail matter March 25, 1904, at the post office at Ada, Indian Territory under the Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

A SEWERAGE SYSTEM NEXT.

Yet another thing, against the coming of statehood, Ada lacks—a sewerage system.

Now, let not our conservative taxpayers get frightened. If they will but stay to reason they will perceive the serious lack, the urgent need.

No one will deny that the city needs waterworks, and it has waterworks. Sewerage is a necessary companion utility to waterworks. It is impossible to keep a big town clean, and therefore healthful, without adequate sewerage.

There are certain businesses in Ada, such as bath houses, livery stables, hotels, printing establishments and various manufacturing plants, which without such drainage for their refuse are unabatable nuisances, however hard the owners may try to prevent it. Besides, in a community 4,000 thick scavengers can scarcely work fast enough in the residence district to keep it cleanly and healthful. The removal of the excess refuse must be facilitated. Sewerage is the only remedy.

This is a municipal improvement necessary in the eyes of the average investor. We are looking forward confidently, within the next year, to more railroads, a much larger city, and to extensive investments by foreign capital. Those investors looked for will as a rule, come from places enjoying sewerage service; they will be men who consider that public utility a necessity. And should they come here and find our citizenship indifferent to such improvements, the best of them will pass us up for more progressive towns.

Competent engineers will testify that the grade prevailing within the corporate limits is excellent for the construction of a good system. Moreover the city officers will assure you the municipal finances are in capital condition. At an exceedingly low valuation this year the taxable valuation is \$900,000. There exists against this a

bonded indebtedness of only \$45,000, \$30,000 of which is for waterworks and the remainder for schools. Already the sinking fund with which to pay this off has accumulated to \$5000. Recently M. D. Timberlake, chairman finance committee of the City Council, communicated with our bond holders seeking to pay at once that amount on the bonds; but they refused, saying the security was too good to accept payment before maturity, that instead they preferred to buy more of our bonds. This indicates the city's good credit abroad. We have been paying 2 per cent taxes, an exceedingly low taxation for a young Western town. Suppose we should issue \$30,000 worth of 5 per cent bonds for sewerage; they would be readily salable at a premium, and to provide for interest on same and a sinking fund would entail an increased taxation of scarcely more than two mills.

But that is not all. With sewerage service the scavenger fees saved would probably amount to as much as the additional tax. Furthermore, property not reached by the system would enjoy the general enhancement of property values which inevitably follows a public improvement of such magnitude—and to an extent far beyond the taxes paid. Another item not to be ignored: The building of sewerage would entail the consumption of a much greater volume of city water than is now used. This would bring increased revenues to the city's waterworks plant.

The News is heartily in favor of the enterprise, and believes the great bulk of our citizens will be of like mind after due thought is given the matter. Let the thinking and agitating begin at once. Already a number of the leading tax payers have spoken favorably on the project. The News gladly proffers its columns for a thorough discussion, pro and con.

THE GOVERNOR'S REASON

It's a bit curious that Governor Frantz, who landed the biggest plum in the Oklahoma orchard, is the only man in the two territories who has disclaimed designs on something in the new state. This though as yet he has scarcely smelt powder in the warfare of politics. The governor says he's broke. That's a good reason, but we suspect he is also skeered. He wants to get into the army where the Democrats can't touch him.

An idea: Ada people, having no other way to celebrate the Glorious Fourth, can go down and help the powder men blast out the Oklahoma central right-of-way.

"WHAT will Arizona do?" asks a New York paper by way of heading an elaborate editorial on statehood. We don't give a continental what Arizona does. As for us, we're comin' on in.

Children's Day at Shiloh

The above Children's Day will be observed at the Shiloh Baptist Church on the 7th day of July, 1906, which will be Saturday, two miles south of Frank's I. T. Everybody is invited to come and bring with them a basket full of good things to eat. We are expecting and looking for Brother W. P. Blake, the general missionary of Indian Territory, to be with us and he will bring with him our Brother W. S. Wyly, who is in the interest of Sunday schools, employed by the American Baptist Publication Society. On Saturday night and Sunday we will have some soul stirring sermons preached by these two amiable brethren. Everybody is invited to come out and hear. If you don't learn anything new you will learn old things better in God's blessed book by inspiration given and if you faithfully follow the course here marked out you will not be shipwrecked.

Scripture reading, in concert, school standing—A Psalm of Praise.

Words of welcome by the superintendent.

Responsive scripture reading led by assistant superintendent.

Singing by the school—The Rose Strewn Way.

Recitations—(a) God Give Us Men—by a young man.

(b) Speak the Good Word.

(c) Give in the Sunshine

(d) The Master Sculptor—by a young lady.

Singing by the school—The Flowers in June.

Recitations—(a) Reliance.

(b) The Girl Who Smiles.

(c) Advice.

Select readings—A Nature Prayer—by a young lady.

Class exercise. A song for the Homeland—by several boys, school joins in singing first and last stanzas of My Country 'Tis for Thee.

Primary department exercises.

Recitations—(a) Truly Ye Have Received—by a girl.

(b) Only Small Boys.

Class exercise—God's Gifts—by three small girls.

Singing by the primary school—Bearing Fruit for Jesus.

Recitations—(a) The Way of a Boy.

(b) My Grandma.

Class exercise—God is Love—by Nine Little People.

Singing by the school—Summer Days.

Recitations—(a) The Boy of His Word.

(b) How a Little Helps.

Address on the missionary work of the American Baptist Publication Society—offerings.

Emblematic piece—Homeward Bound—by several young people.

Singing by the school—On This Happy Children's Day.

Prof. F. J. Wilbanks, the western singer, will be with us.

H. COLBERT, Pastor.

Letter to Samuel Harris, Ada, I. T.

Dear Sir: A big mill-owner, Spartansburg, S. C., wanted 5,000 gallons of paint, and bought by price; paid 5c less than ours; got a "lead-and-zinc" paint; but the lead was sulphate of lead, not carbonate. Sulphate costs about half; and covers about half.

That paint was adulterated about six times as much as the 5 cents paid for. He "saved" 5 cents, and it cost him 30.

Oh no; it cost him more than that; we forgot the labor. Can't work it out exactly; don't know how long it'll wear.

Short-measure besides; that alone was twice as much as his "saving" 5 cents.

It was thin, too; some loss there; don't know how much.

There was too much dryer in it. The maker made something on that; he didn't.

Taking it altogether, he didn't make much by that 5 cents.

Go by the name: and the name is Devoe lead-and-zinc.

Yours truly

F. W. Devoe & Co

New York, Chicago and Kansas City

Better Than Any Other

Cuero, Tex., May 28, 1905.

"Ship one gross Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. We have been selling your Chill Cure for four years and it gives better general results than any Chill Tonic we have ever sold."—Cuero Drug Co. Sold by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

An Alarming Situation

frequently results from neglect of clogged bowels and torpid liver, until constipation becomes chronic. This condition is unknown to those who use Dr. King's New Life Pills; the best and gentlest regulators of stomach and bowels. Guaranteed by G. M. Ramsey and Dr. F. Z. Holley, druggists. Price 25c.

THE PILLAGER INDIANS.

Hereditary Home of a Tribe Who Trace Back Perhaps Twenty Centuries.

A long, deep, clear and very cold body of water called Brunside lake, north of Lake Superior near the Canadian boundary, contains, among over 100 other beautiful islands, a certain sunny islet that is of great interest to the archaeologist.

These islands and waters, writes Frank Abiel Flower, in Records of the Past, constitute the hereditary home of the Pillager Indians, who are pagans. * * * One of these islands (known as Flower island) is, as it has been for generations, the seat of the Pillager kings. On it sleep, according to tribal tradition, over 50 successive Pillager rulers, the ancestors of the present chief or king, who, he says, must have reigned an average of 30 or 40 years each, as he himself has been chief for more than half a century.

Think of a dynasty extending over a period of perhaps 20 centuries! The more modern graves are carefully roofed with cedar bark, which, when kept dry and away from the earth, is almost imperishable. The very ancient graves have been essentially obliterated by the ravages of the elements. At the head of each of the traceable graves is carved the peculiar heraldic insignia of the king who sleeps beneath, and above him are placed receptacles for the mah-no-min (wild rice), fish, berries and other food which are brought annually by the related members of the tribe to appease, as they suppose, the hunger of the departed.

Extravagance for the Dead.

Burial customs were once modest with our people. But complicated and costly living appears to have made simple dying impossible, remarks the New York Mail. We run to weak ostentation in the surroundings and trappings of mortality. It is necessary to obtain this, to purchase that; it is the only good form, nothing else will do. It is the consideration of the living that we think about, not the simple respect due the dead. We forget that the costlier the earthly memorial we erect the shallower may be the record that we cut upon the tablets of our hearts.

Pleasant for Him.

"I was so sorry to hear of your daughter eloping with young Badger—"

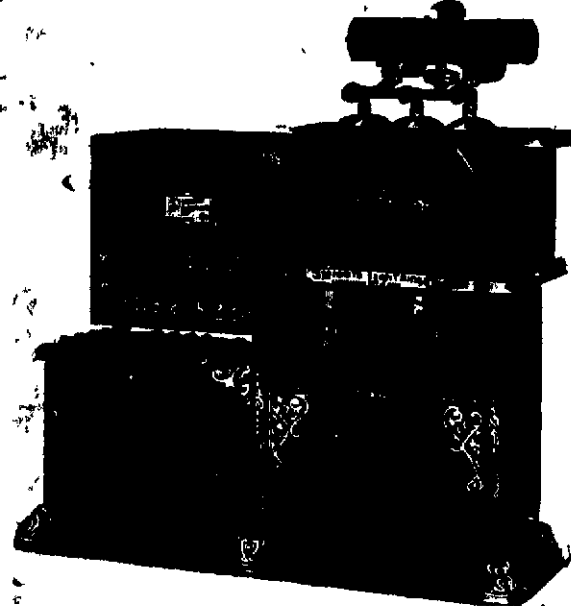
"You needn't condole with me," interrupted Henpeck. "I'm tickled to death."

"But he's such an impertinent upstart—"

"Well, it'll be a positive joy to have some one in the family who can talk up to my wife."—Philadelphia Ledger.

New Process Gasoline Stoves

The Best of All See Them



We have only a few Refrigerators left (the Leader) the best made. They are a luxury in the home. Sewing Machines, none better made, and prices low. Buy everything in the hardware line

From R. E. HAYNES The Hardware Merchant

Opposite Citizens National Bank. Prices Are Right. ADA, I. T. (O K)

ELECTRIC FANS AND IRONS

WE are receiving a shipment of 1906 Residence Electric Fans, which are beauties. We also have a line of Electric Smoothing Irons, which will make ironing day a pleasure. We cheerfully invite the ladies of Ada to visit our plant and examine these iron and fans

Ada Electric & Gas Co.

HEALTH AND VITALITY

DR. MOTT'S NERVE AND BLOOD PURIFYING PILLS. The great iron and tonic pill and restorative for men and women, produces strength and vitality, builds up the system and renews the worn and brings health and happiness. 60 doses in a box. For sale by all druggists. We will mail it securely wrapped on receipt of price, \$1.00 per box. 6 boxes for \$5.00. Dr. Mott's Chemical Co., Cleveland, O.

A Full Line of May Manton Bazar PATTERNS

10c each. Catalogues 10c. Fashion Sheet Free.

These patterns are the best that can be purchased anywhere at any price.

Reed & Harrison

4 Trains a Day

Between

Chicago, Indianapolis and Cincinnati

VIA

MONON ROUTE

Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.

Finest Pullman Equipment, Including Compartment Cars, Incomparable Dining-Car Service.

The "LIMITED," A NEW TRAIN, leaving Chicago at 11:20 p. m., arriving Cincinnati 7:35 a. m., and leaving Cincinnati 11:25 p. m., arriving Chicago 7:40 a. m., is an especially popular train. Carries Indianapolis layover sleeper.

Chas. H. Rockwell, Traffic Manager. Frank J. Reed, Gen. Pass. Agent

SUNSET ROUTE

OCEAN to OCEAN

Offers the Best

Fast Trains, Latest Dining, Sleeping and Observation Cars Between New Orleans and California, Daily

Through Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, and will carry you over the

Road of a Thousand Wonders

what you read so much and hear so much about from the press and the people. Oil burning loco motives all the way; no smoke, no cinders. For beautiful illustrated literature and other information, see nearest Sunset Ticket Agent.

THE NEWS' SOUVENIR ALBUM

Will Portray Ada and Ada Country in Beautiful Half-Tone Pictures Made From

Actual Photographs

There will be Nearly 150 Views and no Expense is being spared in Compiling the Work

See Us About It

LOCAL NEWS

Big Statehood Rally Shawnee 4th. 84-2t

C. C. Hargis is in Franks today.
W. H. Ebey is in Tupelo today.
Dr. Nolen returned from Texas today.

Frank Byrd, of Franks, is in the city.

Dr. Bissant, dentist, over Ada National Bank. tf-279

Mrs. G. W. Cox returned today from Ozark, Ark.

Think about that barbecue at 12th street Market. 82-5t-d-pd.

Miss Alice Long has recovered from a two weeks' illness.

Dr. B. H. Erb, dentist, Henley & Biles building. Phone No. 1. tf-233

Mr. Norman, of Maxwell, is in town today.

J. J. Hardin, one of Oakman's substantial farmers, was in town today.

FOR RENT:—A furnished room.

J. T. Starling, of the southwest Ada vicinity, is in town today.

Mrs. T. J. Worthington, W. 14th St. 82-d6t

Dr. T. H. Granger, dentist, over First National Bank. Phone 212. tf-74

Cam Galt and A. F. Pyeatt, of Pauls Valley, are transacting business in the city today.

WANTED—Girl, white or colored, for general housekeeping.—G. M. Ramsey, 14th and Rennie. 82-d-3t.

Mr. E. T. Norvill and wife, of near Center, are in town trading today.

J. J. Hardin leaves today for Comanchie, Texas, where he will visit his brothers.

Artistic millinery at interesting prices during the big sale this week at Westcott's, opposite postoffice. 83-3t

Chas. Little is at his place of business again after a brief illness.

FOR SALE.—Surrey and harness. Mrs. T. J. Worthington W. 14th St. 82-d6t

Greatest of all sales will be the big millinery sale Thursday afternoon and all day Friday and Saturday at Westcott's. 82-3t

Miss Lucile McCarty, of Durant, came in Thursday, the guest of her friend Miss Clyde Sipes, on east 14th street.

Low rates to Shawnee for the "Great Big 4th." Come sure. 84-2t

The News is informed that owing to the great success of a meeting at Stonewall, Rev. Morgan will not begin a meeting here until Monday evening.

Reserved seats for the band concert are now on sale at Ramsey's drug store.

M. M. Sanders, who is soliciting in the country, is at home today.

Mrs. A. K. Thornton is visiting her parents in Quinton. She will be joined by Mr. Thornton in a few days and they together will visit in Tennessee.

Mr. Slocum, of near Francis, informs us that the school club at Homer, elected trustees recently and a free school system will be had next fall. They are Chas. Morper, Ingram, Carney and Martin, and Lish Martin.

Band concert at the Opera House tonight. You ought to go.

Miss Kathryn Yater, who has been with the News for the past two months' left today for her home in Osgood, Ind. Miss Yater has made scores of friends during her short stay here and they, as well as the News, regret that she leaves Ada.

But like all others, when there awhile, she will eventually return to the best country on the globe.

Do You Need Shoes?

If you want a pair of Shoes that combine style, elegance and individuality with the best leather and excellent workmanship, why not try ours? You will be satisfied with your selection. The latest correct styles for men, women and children

CHAPMAN
The Shoe Man.

Attend the band concert tonight. Mrs. Bettie Collins, of San Antonio, Texas, who has been visiting her brother J. P. Gaar, returned to her home today.

If you know anything that is newsworthy phone the News, No. 4.

R. C. Slocum, of near Francis, was in town today. He says never before in six years has this country been blessed with such great crop prospects.

A sale of special interest to all ladies—the sale of fine millinery at less than half price at Westcott's 83-3t

Miss Kathryn Yater, who has been with the Ada News for the past two months, left today for her home on the Wabash in Indiana today.

Shawnee the 4th. "Big Day." 84-2t

Carlton Weaver is chasing down items for the News. He begs you to remember matters of interest and tell him about them.

If you have a neighbor who make it a practice of borrowing the News, tell them 10c is not much.

Miss Mollie Jernigan left Thursday for a two months' visit with friends and relatives in Hopkinsville, Pambroke and Franklin, Ky.

If you want a good local column in the News phone us and tell us what you know No. 4.

Mrs. Harrison Entertains.

On Thursday evening Mrs. Geo. Harrison entertained a dozen couples of Ada society folks at her home on east 15th street in honor of Miss Lillie Reed, of Decatur, Texas. The lawn was brilliantly illuminated with electricity and until a late hour the young people enjoyed games and refreshments. Misses Warren and Case, two of Ada's leading pianists, favored the occasion with music.

Wouldn't Dine at White House.

Washington, June 29.—John Willis of Glasgow, Mont., was invited by the President to take dinner with him last night. Willis declined and gave as his reason that he did not have a dress suit.

"Oh, that needn't worry you at all," insisted the President.

"It makes lots of difference, Mr. President," answered Willis. "I know what's proper even if I don't always do the right thing. Besides, I don't like dress suits."

"You'd be just as welcome at my table if you came in buckskin trousers," was the cordial response of the President.

"I'm sure that's true," went on Willis, "but I guess I'll eat down where I'm bunking."

Willis and the President ranched together years ago and grew to be fond of each other.

JUDGE US

by our Soda. It has made hundreds of regular customers for us in the past. No expense has been spared to make it perfect—the most DELICIOUS BEVERAGE that can be produced. Our syrups are from FRESH FRUIT. They are PURE. A menu of one hundred cold drinks and you will like them all.

Mason Drug Co.
Telephone 55.
Ada, - I. T.

Weaver for Congress.

Pauls Valley, I. T., June 29.—The Political pot is boiling. Everybody has some favorite candidate to present. A large number are candidates themselves.

But by far the most enthusiastic endorsement accorded to any man so far is given to Claude Weaver as a candidate for congress. Mr. Weaver is out pressing his canvass for all there is in it.

Cattlemen Must Go.

Lawton, Ok., June 29.—The cattlemen who have leases in the prairie district in the northern part of the Chickasaw Nation are fearful lest the advent of statehood put them out of business in order that room may be made for the farmer. J. H. Stein of the cattle firm of Stein & Silverside said today as he left for Tuttle,

"It is only a matter of time until we will be pushed out of the Nation. Our firm has ten thousand acres leased near Tuttle, and we have all our Territory cattle in the pasture there. After statehood is secured the cattlemen expect that the Indians who own the land will be persuaded to lease it to the farmers and that will push us out."

Tens of thousands of acres are under lease by several of the biggest firms in the Southwest in the Chickasaw Nation.

Those Who May Sell.

Muskogee, I. T., June 29.—The following named persons' applications for the removal of the restriction from the alienation of the lands allotted them exclusive of their homesteads has been approved by the Secretary of the Interior:

Chickasaws—Simeon Jefferson, Carbon; Louisa Harris, Savannah; Wesley Parker, Sterrett; Lena B. Swink; Swink; James Martin, Stigler; Sidney Spring, Tuskahoma; Le Flore Dillard, Belzoni; Sophia D. Durant, Bennington; Sarah Combs, Hugo; Levi Harkins, Duncan; Ada Taylor, Indianola.

The following have been disapproved: Creeks—Williams Perryman, Clarksville; Jeerick Nero, Edna.

Chickasaw—Ellis Bean, Oakman.

Chickasaw—Elias Wesley, Caines; Simpson Bohanon, Tuskoema; Turner McIntosh, Enterprise; Jessie Terripin, Tahlequah, Katie Putman, Fort Gibson; William Paris, Tulsa; John Sanders, Locust Grove; John Viseory, Collinsville; Sarah Smith, Cleorr; Samuel Bright, Westville; Rengir Hicks, Melvin; Annie Pradree, Bartlesville; Hannah E. Jackson, Porum.

JULY 4th.



To accommodate the extra travel July 4th, the M. K. & T. will run special train leaving Atoka 6 a. m., arriving at Oklahoma City 11:30 a. m. Leave Oklahoma City 6:30 p. m. arriving at Atoka 11:30 p. m. This train will make stops at all stations.
C. F. ORCHARD, Agent.

Frisco Rates For the Fourth.

For the Fourth of July Frisco will sell tickets at one and one third fare for round trip between stations where one way rate is \$7.50 or less. Tickets on sale July 3rd, and 4th, limit for return July 6th, 1906. I. McNair, Agent.

Deadly Serpent Bites

are as common in India as are stomach and liver troubles with us. For the latter however there is a sure remedy: Electric Bitters; the great restorative medicine, of which S. A. Brown of Bennettville, S. C., says: "They restored my wife to perfect health after years of suffering with dyspepsia and a chronically torpid liver." Electric Bitters cure chills and fever, malaria, biliousness, lame back, kidney troubles and bladder disorders. Sold on guarantee by G. M. Ramsey and Dr. F. Z. Holley, Druggist. Price 50c.

Following the Flag
When our soldiers went to Cuba and the Philippines health was the most important consideration. Willis T. Morgan, retired Commissary Sergeant U. S. A., of Rural Route 1, Concord, N. H., says: "I was two years in Cuba and two years in the Philippines, and being subject to colds I took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which kept me in perfect health. And now, in New Hampshire, we find it the best medicine in the world for coughs, colds, bronchial troubles and all lung diseases." Guaranteed at G. M. Ramsey's and Dr. F. Z. Holley, Druggist. Price 50c and \$1.00.

Out of 20 Kinds the Best.

"Ship one gross Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. It gives the best satisfaction of about 20 brands I carry."—J. R. Hafford, druggist, Rector, Ark. Children like it. Sold on a signed guaranty by G. M. Ramsey druggist.

M. K. T. Special

Round trip rates From Ada I. T.:
Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 11th 12th and 13th, \$20.55.
Mexico City, Mex., Aug. 15th to Sept. 1st, \$38.00.
Galveston, Tex., June 1st to Sept. 30th, \$18.90.
San Francisco, Cal., June 25 to July 7, \$52.
Mexico City, Mexico, June 25 to July 7, \$40.
Portland, Ore., June 18 to 22, \$47.55.
Omaha, Neb., July 10 to 13, \$17.10.
Denver, Col., July 10 to 15, \$23.70.

C. F. Orchard, Agent.



I have opened the Twelfth Street Meat Market

and ask a share of your patronage. Nothing but the best of meats will be carried and your patronage will be given the most careful attention.

C. L. HICKEY.



Travel Right

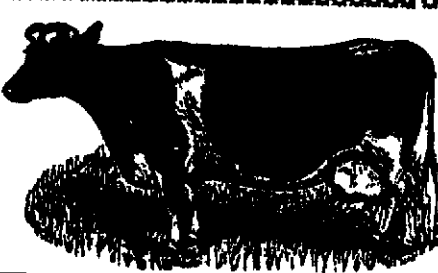
When you have occasion to travel, use the same discrimination in buying a ticket that you would in buying anything else. Assure yourself in advance of what you may expect in the way of comfort and convenience en route.

The Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railroad

with through trains (over its own rails) from St. Louis and Kansas City in the north, to San Antonio and Galveston in the south, offers a ready solution to the vexed question—"How to go?"

If there is any information you would like about a prospective trip, write me. I'll gladly give you the information and if possible have my representative call on you and personally assist you in every way. Think of my offer when you next have occasion to travel. Address:

W. S. ST. GEORGE,
General Passenger & Ticket Agt.
Wainwright Bldg., St. Louis.
Tickets are on sale everywhere, via Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway



New Dairy

I have started my wagon and am now prepared to supply the people with choice milk and cream. Your patronage solicited.

R. L. MCGUYRE, Phone No. 193.

LOANS

On Dead Claims, Intermarried Surplus and where Restrictions Are Removed. Improved City Property or to build.
ADA TITLE and TRUST CO.
W. H. EBEBY, Pres. and Manager, ADA, IND. TER.

HENRY M. FURMAN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Will do a general Civil and Criminal Practice.
Office in Duncan Building.

C. A. Galbraith Tom D. McKeown
GALBRAITH & McKEOWN
LAWYERS
Over Citizens National Bank
Ada, Ind. Ter.

W. H. L. Campbell Joel Terrell
CAMPBELL & TERRELL
Attorneys-at-law
Practice in all Courts
Ada, I. T.

Steals Fire From the Mind

Malaria steals fire from the mind and vigor from the limb unless you take Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure to give yourself new vim. Better than quinine and does not effect the head. Pleasant to take. If you do not like it better than any other chill tonic G. M. Ramsey, druggist will pay your money back.

MISS NELLIE KENNEDY,
TRAINED NURSE.
Konawa - Ind. Ter.
Phone No. 33.

ADA STEAM LAUNDRY CO.
Is given up to be best. Do
Largest Agency Work
of any plant in this Territory.

Reed & Harrison Wholesale and Retail Buggies

The Best Makes, the Lowest Prices

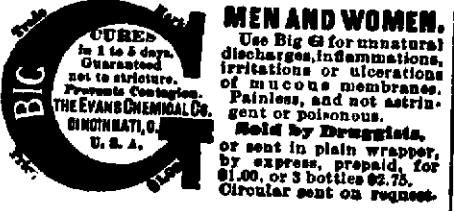
Geo. A. Truitt,
Engineer and Land Surveyor
Office Rear Ada National Bank.

Prompt and Careful Attention
Given to All Work
Entrusted.

Frisco.

Summer tourist rates to points in the Southwest. Rate, one and one-fifth fare for round trip. Tickets on sale June 1st to September 30th. Final limit October 31st, 1906. This rate applies to many points in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia. Call and get particulars.

I. McNair, Agent,
Ada, I. T.



USE BIG G FOR UNNATURAL

discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painful, and not astrigent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for \$1.00, or 3 bottles \$2.75. Circular sent on request.

The NICKEL STORE

Where You Save Money on Everything.

Do you read our advertisements? I am not advertising simply to stimulate trade temporarily. I am advertising for permanent increase. I usually quote prices by which we can stand, unless the manufacturers advance the price. I advertise mostly to let you know how we do business all the time. I desire to convince you that it will pay you to trade with us regularly.

A few mentionings in TINWARE

Extra heavy tin pudding pans, 1 qt., 5c; 2 qt., 6c; 3 qt., 7c; 4 qt., 8c.
Tin pie plates, 2 for 5c.
Perforated pie plates 4c.
Plain jelly cake pan, deep, best goods, 5c each.
Loose bottom jelly or pie plates, 9c each.
Lipped overserve kettles, wire bail or handle, 10c, 14c, 18c, 20c.
Pot covers, ringed, hemmed, full size, only 5c.
Stamped dish pans, 10c and 15c.
Combination nutmeg and vegetable grater, loop handle, only 9c.
Extra heavy dairy pails, 10 qt., 20c; 12 qt., 25c.
Japaned bread or cake boxes, cover fastens with a hasp. You will save enough bread or cake in a month to pay for one.
Galvanized pails make the best all around bucket, 10 qt., 15c; 12 qt., 20c.

WOODEN WARE

Rolling pins, 10c.
Potato mashers, 5c.
Butter ladles, 5c.
Butter moulds, 5c.
Vegetable slicers, 10c.
Clothes pins, 3 doz 5c.
Tooth picks, 3 pkgs. 10c.

Finest Glass Ware and China at astonishing prices.

Cups and saucers, 50c values, a set 39c.
Dinner plates, 50c values, a set 35c.
8 inch platters, 15c values, each 10c.
7 inch oval meat dishes, 15c values, each 10c.
Fine American China cups and saucers, decorated, \$1.25 values, per set 75c.
Dinner sets of the same goods, a set 75c.
White granite milk pitchers, 29c, 35c, 44c.

UMBRELLAS

A very nice assortment for ladies or gentlemen. Not the extra fancy kinds at fancy prices, but serviceable and dependable, 39c, 50c, 60c, \$1.00, \$1.20. Special fan sale. Japanese folding fans, 10c.

Arm & Hammer brand soda, 4 lb. pkgs. for 25c.
K. C. baking powder, two 15 oz. cans for 25c.
2 oz. boxes Rag Blueing two boxes 5c.
Giant or Eagle Lye, 4 cans, 25c.
Silk Laundry soap, 8 cakes, 25c.
Wire fly traps, all metal, 15c.
Tanglefoot sticky fly paper, 2 double sheets 5c.
Jelly glasses with tin covers, 24c per doz.

Nickel Store.

The 5c and 10c store of Ada, I. T.

S. M. Shaw, Prop
New location on Main street third door west of Bellows corner.

Phone 77.

PROGRAMME Ada Band Concert Friday Evening, June 29, 1906, at 8:30

- 1 Band "The Rambler." —Crumley
- 2 Piano Duet "Invitation to the Dance." Misses Case and Warren
- 3 Violin and Cornet "Valurille Dunari." Messrs. Cummings and Stevenson. Miss Eddleman, Piano.
- 4 Piano Solo "Faust Fantasia." Miss Murry Lucas. —Sidney Smith
- 5 Band March "The Request." —Brundridge
- 6 Vocal Solo "Mexico." Miss Eddleman. Miss Warren, Piano.
- 7 Vocal Duet "O! That We Two Were Maying." Misses Gertrude Case and Murry Lucas. Miss Warren, Piano.
- 8 Violin, Cornet, Piano "Alpen Klänge." Messrs. Cummings and Stevenson and Miss Eddleman.
- 9 Vocal Solo "Meditation." Miss Sneed. Miss Case, Piano.
- 10 Band "Santa Claus March." —Ripley

Admission 25c, 35c and 50c. Reserved Seats on Sale at Ramsey's Drug Store.

Spend an hour and thirty minutes listening to beautiful music and assist the Band Boys in a good cause.

RODENT ENEMIES OF THE FARM AND WARFARE ON THEM

Two-Thirds of the Farm Area of the United States Suffers from the Depredations of the Little Animals.

Time was when the American farmer would have laughed to scorn the notion that he could be afraid of a mouse. And yet this is undeniably the situation in which he finds himself to-day.

There is a plague of meadow mice, which at periodical intervals assumes the proportions of an epidemic, the little rodents multiplying in enormous numbers and devouring the trees and crops. Such an epidemic recently extended clear across the country from Massachusetts to the Rocky mountains, the mice appearing in veritable armies. In the Mississippi valley they did hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of damage.

These are not the common field mice. They are of quite a different species—thick-set little fellows, with square heads and short tails. Assailed by them, the farmers are well-nigh helpless, inasmuch as they are too small and too numerous to be destroyed by guns, or by traps, or by poisons. For which reason it is that the department of agriculture is trying to find a new and effective means for wiping them out wholesale.

It is a microbe that is wanted—a bacillus which can be used to infect the rodent legions with a deadly and easily distributed malady. Such germs are obtainable—one of them has recently been employed with most satisfactory results in Europe—and the

chance. Two species of these ground squirrels annually destroy from two to five per cent. of the grain crops in the state of Washington, and from four to ten per cent. of all crops produced in that state, where the total loss caused by them runs up into millions of dollars yearly. In the wheat fields (Washington raises about \$15,000,000 worth of wheat per annum) the loss is at least one dollar per acre. All of which makes no reckoning of money spent in trapping and poisoning of the pestiferous creatures, which in a single country (Whitman) amounts to \$500,000 each twelvemonth.

Twenty years ago Dr. Elliott Coues, a famous naturalist, wrote of some observations which he had made of one species of ground squirrel, commonly known as the "flickertail," on a journey through the northwest.

The evil in question is one of great magnitude over more than two-thirds of the United States. There are about 35 species of these ground squirrels, and one of the most destructive of them, the striped spermophile, has a special trick of digging up newly planted corn. In this way large fields of corn are often destroyed by them, and have to be planted over several times. It is the same way with wheat, oats, barley and rye. As the grains begin to develop soon after blossoming, the ground squirrels cut down the stalks and eat them. And later on, when the

Story of the Breaking of the Heifer

BY EDGAR L. VINCENT.

What now, my son? That's a pretty big stick to be bringing into the stable. What are you going to do with it?"

Laddie looked sheepish at the words and seemed somehow to wish he hadn't done it. Still, like every boy, he had an explanation of his conduct.

"Why, don't you remember that article you were reading in the farm paper the other evening about the way to break heifers to milk? The man said to get a good whip and just the minute the heifer stirred after you sat down to milk her, get right up and give her a good cut with the switch. He said if a fellow stuck to that a few times the heifer would get sick

place on one of my shins yet. That would not let me forget quite yet.

"I know, but Laddie, it is all so new to her yet. She doesn't quite understand about it. Now suppose you were just beginning to learn to do some new piece of work. Would you want some one to haul up and give you a good whack across the back if you happened to make a mistake and do something not quite right? Wouldn't you kick worse than little Beauty does? And wouldn't you be all the time looking out after that for cuts of that kind? Beauty is a nice heifer. We do not want to have her spoiled at the very start."

"How would you get at it, then, father?"

The whip was laid down. I know Laddie never really liked that way but there it was in the paper, and wasn't it all right, if you see it in the paper?

"Come in, and we'll try it, Laddie. Now, you know, it must seem queer to Beauty to have us reaching around her this way. You just slip around in front of her and give her a bit of something good to eat. Stand there and talk to her as you feed her. Rub her nose a little once in a while. In the meantime I will see what I can do at the milking. We must remember to be very patient. All ready now? Then here goes."

I sit down holding the pail firmly between my legs. I plant myself squarely to stand shocks for they may come. I speak gently. When the shocks come I hold on like a leech. But I do not scold. Laddie does his part well, and soon the heifer begins to forget about me. The nice bits of food that Laddie puts up for her take her attention from what is going on behind. Now and then I stop to stroke her sides softly and speak to her encouragingly.

"All right now," I say in the same steady tone of voice after a time. "That's all for this time."

"Got any milk in your pail, father?"

I know there is a smile back of the question.

"Yes, and some on my clothes, my boy. But I have got something else that is worth more—my self respect and the confidence of the little heifer! Two or three times more and we will have her all right. We didn't have to use the whip, either!"

"Well, what I would like to know is, why did they put that piece in the paper?"

I have wondered about that myself. Why did they?—Farmers' Voice.



BETTER THAN THE STICK METHOD.

of kicking and stop. Thought I would try it on Beauty, to see how it would work."

There it was. I did remember that article, and I know that I thought then that that man must be a pretty hard hearted man, and his heifers of a different stripe and of a milder spirit than any I ever saw if they would stand it to be struck that way and not kick him just about out of the window. What a way that would be to teach a nice heifer to stand while being milked! It is a shame.

"Now, Laddie," I said as soon as I could get my thoughts together enough to meet this new situation, "I guess I wouldn't do that. Seems to me there is a better way. We never had any such times about getting our heifers broke in. Let's think about that a little."

"Well, Beauty kicked a blue streak this morning, don't you remember?"

I remembered. There was a sore

Rhubarb Growing Which Pays

Cumberland county, New Jersey, has of recent years developed a new industry, particularly a winter industry with many people. The raising of rhubarb increases each season. For the winter market the roots are left in the ground until after they are frozen, and then crated like so many chunks of rock and put in an especially prepared house. A correspondent of the Rural New Yorker tells of one man at Greenwich, N. J., who has a house 37 feet wide by 224 feet long, where he raises over \$1,600



LOAD OF RHUBARB FOR THE CANINEY.

worth of rhubarb in a winter. The one-year-old roots do the best. The building is kept warm with three heaters, and no light allowed, as the light causes the leaves to develop, and it is stalks that are desired instead of leaves. A tin roof assures darkness; if under glass one-half of the growth goes to leaves. The frozen clods containing the roots are placed as close together as possible, then filled with dirt. This house can be filled twice during the winter. The first crop can



GROWING THE WINTER CROP.

be marketed for the Christmas trade and the next crop for the early spring market. The plants sell for 7 1/2 cents per hill, or \$200 per acre.

For the summer market, when it is raised in the open field, the rhubarb is carted to the factories by great wagon loads, as shown in our first illustration. This load contains about two tons, and at the factory it is worth about five dollars per ton.

It is suggested that a little might be raised in our heated cellars. Let the fire do double duty, heating the house and raising a crop.

PRINCIPLES OF FRUIT GROWING

By Prof. John Craig, of Cornell University.

At a meeting of horticulturists, Prof. John Craig, of Cornell university, said:

"Every modern system of cultivating fruit recognizes as a first principle the right of the fruit tree to be considered a specific and sufficient crop under the soil, or at least to be regarded as a crop quite as exhausting in character as any grown by the farmer.

Unless the fruit grower realizes and put into practice the essential part of this principle he will fail as a cultivator of fruits.

Experiments in orcharding conducted some years ago at the Cornell experiment station proved conclusively that it cost the soil more to produce 20 average crops of apples than 20 average crops of wheat.

In other words, more fertility was extracted from the land in growing an acre of bearing apples for 20 years than in growing 20 consecutive crops of wheat. As a rule, the farmer recognizes the food needs of the wheat plant, but too often does he look upon the apple tree or fruit tree as a mere tenant of the soil, and one which is not to be regarded as a specific crop.

Having recognized the principle, the particular method of orcharding must be worked out by the fruit grower himself. This method will depend upon soil conditions and climate. Nevertheless, it is safe to say that in eight cases out of ten that method which employs clean tillage for at least part of the season will be most successful. It is also safe to say that all secondary crops in orchards are injurious.

IMPROVING THE PLUMS.—The plums that have been stung by the curculio, and the wormy fruit of the early summer, should be picked off. It isn't much trouble, and it doesn't cost any more to do it now than later. The fruit that brings high prices will grow much larger if these parasites are removed.

POLLUTED WELLS.—The Illinois state board of health has been making a careful examination of a number of "farm wells" in the state, and has found 40 per cent. to be polluted. This helps to explain why the death rate from typhoid fever is greater in the country districts than in the cities.

JAPANESE CATTLE.—It has been discovered that Japanese cattle under natural conditions are free from tuberculosis. The development of an immune breed would mean a big victory in the fight against consumption.

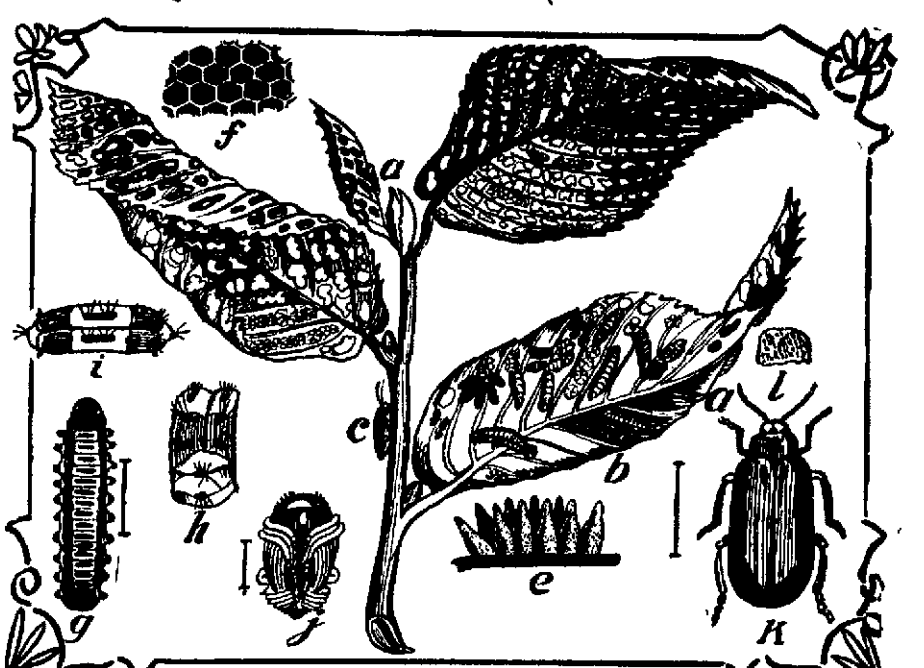
AN ELEPHANT FARM.—The latest addition to the list of "freak farms" in this country, is an elephant farm which is about to be established near Pasadena, Cal. It will be capable of maintaining a herd of 300 animals.

THE ELM LEAF BEETLE MAKING ITS WAY WEST

Insect Enemy First Imported from Europe Has Been Seen in Ohio and Illinois.

Until recently it has been supposed that there were no elm-leaf beetles west of the Alleghenys, as this insect was an importation from Europe. The probabilities are, however, that it is in existence in many places west of the Alleghenys, but its manifestations do not come under the notice of scientists. Within the last two years the

disappeared and have never been heard of in the locality since. This is in accordance with the character of this insect. Why it should appear on a single elm tree and then disappear entirely cannot be explained, except on the presumption that its bird enemies were so numerous as to exterminate its colony to the last insect. The pest, however, is an extremely dangerous



THE IMPORTED ELM-LEAF BEETLE. Galeruca Xanthomelaena, a, eggs; b, larvae; c, adults; d, eggs (enlarged); e, structure of eggs; f, larva (enlarged); g, side view of greatly enlarged segment of larva; h, dorsal view of same; i, pupa (enlarge); k, the beetle; l, portion of elytron of beetle (greatly enlarged).

insect has been reported in destructive numbers in different parts of Ohio. A writer in the Farmers' Review tells of having seen some of these insects several years ago in one locality in Illinois, but they subsequently

one, and the moment that the insects become so numerous that the birds cannot destroy them they become a menace to the elm trees. Every effort should, therefore, be made against its getting a foothold in any locality.

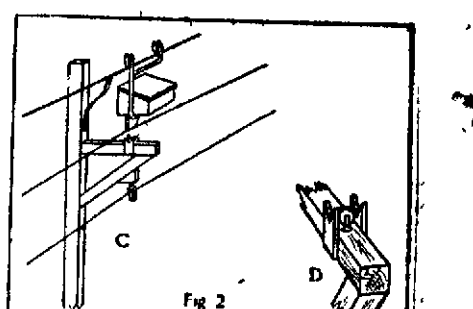
Trolley Line for Rural Mail Box

Patrons of rural routes living some distance back from the road will find a trolley for drawing the mail box to the house and sending it back again a great convenience. The illustrations show such a line, which was devised by a correspondent of the Rural New-Yorker.

At the house end of the line a stout post is set in the ground and a bicycle, with saddle and front wheel removed, is fastened with pins against the post, as shown (Fig. 1), to serve as motive power. For the main wire No. 9 is the size used, and No. 17 galvanized for the belt wire. For a short line on level ground broom wire would do.

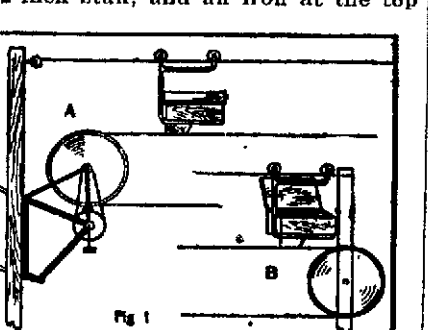
Posts are set every 50 or 60 yards between the house and the road ends of the line. Each of these intermediate posts has a bracket (D, Fig. 2) of 2x2-inch stuff, and an iron at the top

at these intermediate posts is shown at D, Fig. 2. The guides are of one-inch hard wood, screwed to the arm of the bracket. The outside pulley is underneath the arm and one foot distant from the other pulley, so that the wire cannot get tangled on windy days. A wire fence ratchet is used to keep the top wire tight. The post at the road end of the line has a wheel. An or-



ONE OF THE INTERMEDIATE POSTS.

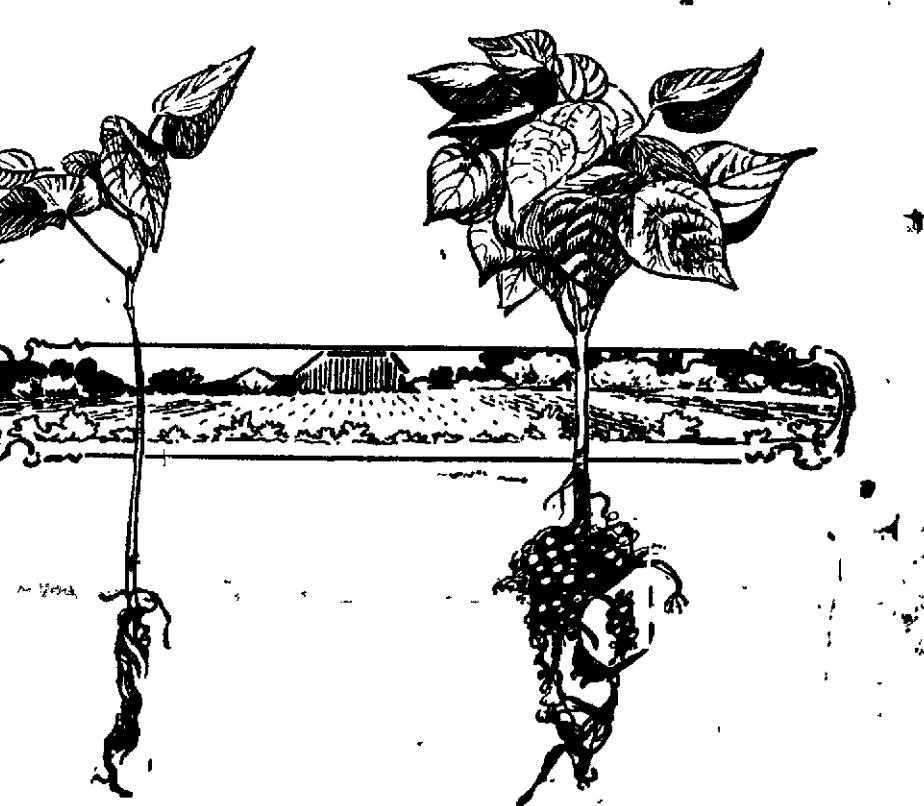
inary R. F. D. mail box is used, with a hard wood block one-half its length underneath it. The belt line starts at this block, runs the length of the line over the wheel on the post at the roadside, returns over the pulleys of the intermediate posts, passes around the bicycle wheel, and is fastened to the block under the box in a small hole in a piece of strap-iron fastened in the block. The wheel at the road end can be the front wheel of the bicycle or an old sewing machine wheel, and a trough or support for the box is provided at this end to hold it firm while being opened or closed (B, Fig. 1). The device as rigged up in this instance cost about five dollars. The line is 250 yards long and travels uphill 75 feet to the road. An electric alarm to let the patron know when there is mail in the box could be added by one of a little ingenuity.



TERMINALS OF THE LINE.

for supporting the main wire (C, Fig. 2). This iron is made of old spring-wagon tire with a half-round groove on top for the wire to rest in. The top wire is high enough above the notched guides below so the bottom of the box will not bump when passing a bracket. The arrangement of pulleys and guides

Effect of Inoculation on the Growth of Snap Beans



TWO PLANTS OF SNAP BEANS GROWN IN ASHES. (The one on the right inoculated, the one on the left not inoculated. Notice large mass of nodules on the inoculated plant. Drawing made from photograph from the Virginia Experiment Station Bulletin.)

WEATHER FORECAST:

Tomorrow:
Fair. Warmer.

THE EVENING NEWS.

DEVOTED TO MAKING ADA A LARGER AND MORE PROGRESSIVE CITY

TEMPERATURE TODAY:

At 5 p. m., 89 degrees.

VOLUME 3

ADA, INDIAN TERRITORY, FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 29, 1906

NUMBER 85

Among the modern luxuries are

Kirschbaum Suits

in tropical wears and weights for hot weather. All the style and fit of regular full-lined garments. Serges and worsteds; quarter-lined with mohair or pongee silk. Skeleton construction, firm, shape-retaining and cool. Ask for Kirschbaum clothes, (warranted.)

\$15.00 to \$30.00

Wear the eastern styles. We are sole agents for A. B. Kirschbaum & Company in Ada.

Scott-Hoard Co.

GRAFTER OF KICKAPOOS IN MEXICAN PRISON

Guthrie, Ok., June 29.—A telegram received here by Acting United States Attorney Southern from his assistant, George Outcalt, now in Mexico, states that Martin J. Bentley, former agent in Oklahoma for the Kickapoo Indians, is in jail there, having been tried, and being held as a common prisoner. Bentley has for several years been superintending the removal of the Kickapoo Indians to Mexico, and recently through his influence an order was issued by the Chief of Police of Coahuila Province, forbidding Outcalt and Frank Thacker, the "present agent of the Kickapoo Indians in Oklahoma, from entering upon the Kickapoo reservation in Coahuila. In the telegram received today Outcalt also states that they now have authority to proceed with the investigation without molestation.

While nothing is known here of the immediate causes of Bentley's arrest, yet the general opinion is that it results from the action of President Roosevelt in refusing to sign the Indian appropriation bill until the matter of their removal was settled. Outcalt and Thacker were sent to Coahuila by the Government to make the investigations, and when they were refused the per-

mission the matter was taken up with the Mexican authorities. The town of Musquiz is about a half day's journey south from Eagle Pass, Texas.

Quannah Refuses to Exhibit

Lawton, O. T., June 29.—Chief Quannah Parker has gone to Anadarko to transact business with Agent Blackman. Parker is extremely busy of late looking after tribal matters. The Indians have completed the selection of the land in lieu of that chosen before in reserve. Chief Parker stated that more than 300 infants are to receive allotments.

By request of the war department, five delegates of the Apache tribe, including Chief Geronimo, will go to Washington in their interest. They are ready to go and waiting further notice from the department as to the time they are wanted. Chief Parker of the Comanches will accompany the Apaches and it is thought will be able to assist them greatly. Chief Parker has declined several invitations to participate in Independence day celebration. He says: "I will not go on exhibition like cattle at a county fair. They will point at me and say: 'There is Quannah Parker.'"

PREPARE FOR ANTI-TRUST FIGHT IN THE CONVENTION

Oklahoma City, Ok., June 29.—It is certain that there will be a strong fight to have some strong anti-trust laws inserted in the constitution for Oklahoma when the convention meets. A movement became known here today in which it was stated that the services of men of national reputation would come to Oklahoma to stump the state in the effort to secure men for the constitutional convention pledged to put laws in the constitution absolutely prohibiting the formation of a trust of any character. It is said that the hardest fight ever known will be made to make the constitution of Oklahoma a model in regard to anti-trust laws.

After Federal Building.

Washington, D. C., June 29.—Robert L. Owen is making an effort to have the Senate insert a provision in the public buildings bill which has passed the house, for a public building at Muskogee to cost \$225,000. Senator Stone of Missouri has charge of the amendment in the committee and Senator Clay of Oklahoma and McCumber have promised to support it, but this evening he has not yet secured a majority of the committee. It is felt on the committee that Senator Stone will offer the amendment on the floor of the Senate. Mr. Owen points out that the Indian Territory is without a single government building.

SAYS SOUTHERN DISTRICT OFFICERS ARE IN FAVOR

Hon. George R. Walker, United States district attorney, and Hon. C. M. Campbell, clerk of the United States court, have just returned to Ardmore from an extended visit to Washington.

In an interview published in the Ardmoreite Judge Campbell had this to say of his trip:

"I gathered from what I could pick up at the departments and at the White House that Judge Townsend will be the judge of the Eastern district of the new state of Oklahoma, and that Mr. Walker will be the prosecuting attorney. Of course, you know that young Porter, the marshal, is a relative of the president and I can say authoritatively that the president is interested in his welfare and he inquired in a most solicitous manner as to how he was pleasing the people.

"There has been quite a change of opinion as to restrictions and I feel satisfied that they will be removed at the next session of congress. I had a short talk with Secretary of Interior Hitchcock who knows many things about the territory and its people. I am satisfied that the secretary is animated by the desire to do what he thinks best for the Indians. He recognizes that he has a big undertaking in settling the affairs of the five tribes. Secretary Hitchcock is honest. He is opposed to the wholesale removal of restrictions, but I think would not object to removing them from the members of the tribes who are not of the full blood. He realizes that with statehood comes taxation and that the lands must be taxed, and this can not be done so long as the title remains in the allottee."

POPULIST NATIONAL COMMITTEE ADJOURNS

St. Louis, Mo., June 29.—The National committee of the People's party, which assembled here Wednesday in annual conference upon the call of Chairman Ferris of Joliet, Ill., concluded its labors yesterday and adjourned sine die. The work accomplished consisted principally in the adoption of a resolution by H. J. Mullens of Tennessee, providing that the people's party agree heartily in the week being performed by the conference provisional committee of centralizing the reform organization of the country into an integral party—the people's party; the adoption of a general address to the American people setting forth the doc-

trines of the party, the authorization of Col. H. L. Bentley of Texas to continue the work he has had individually pursued for sixteen years of originating people's party clubs throughout the United States, election of him as president of the People's Party Club organization and appointment of a committee to raise \$4,000 annually to defray the expenses incurred in the club federation movement; the authorization of a movement to establish a party publication organ as soon as conditions justify and a multitude of speeches discussing and expounding the doctrines and principles of the National party

WISCONSIN DEMOCRACY IN BRYAN BAND WAGON

Milwaukee, June 29.—Wm. J. Bryan was strongly endorsed by the Democratic state convention which was held here yesterday. There were two occasions on which Mr. Bryan was mentioned, when the resolutions were read as a whole and again when the planks were read separately. In both instances his name was cheered repeatedly. The Democratic platform as presented by the committee on resolutions after an all-night session and presented to the convention as a whole for ratification, strongly endorses William J. Bryan as the Democratic candidate for

president in 1908. Among other things the platform demands enforcement of the statutes against all trusts, combinations and monopolies; favors revision of the present tariff; the election of United States senators by direct vote and government control and regulation of all public service corporations. On state matters the report favors a law conferring upon municipalities power to regulate public service corporations; favors two cents per mile maximum passenger rate; taxation on the ad valorem basis, and amendments to the primary election law.

JULY 25 TIME LIMIT FOR INDIAN BABIES

Commissioner Tams Bixby has issued the following official notice: Warning notice—Enrollment of minor children of citizens of the Choctaw, Chickasaw, Cherokee and Creek Nations.

The act of congress approved April 26, 1906 (public 129), entitled "An act to provide for the final disposition of the affairs of the Five Civilized Tribes in the Indian Territory, and for other purposes," provides in part as follows: That for ninety days after approval hereof applications shall be received for enrollment of children who were minors living March fourth, nineteen hundred and six, whose parents have been enrolled as members of the Choctaw, Chickasaw, Cherokee, or Creek tribes, or have applications for enrollment pending at the approval thereof, and for the purpose of enrollment under this section illegitimate children shall take the status of the mother, and allotments shall be made to children so enrolled. Notice is hereby given that all applications for the enrollment of children under the provision of law above mentioned must be submitted to and accepted by the Commissioner to the Five Civilized Tribes.

Five Civilized Tribes not later than midnight, July 25, 1906.

All such applications must be made to the Commissioner to the Five Civilized Tribes and submitted upon the blanks provided for that purpose by this office.

The provision of law above quoted specifically limits the reception of such applications to July twenty five, nineteen hundred and six, and there is no authority vested in this office or Department of Interior to receive or consider any such application after said date.

Tams Bixby, Commissioner to the Five Civilized Tribes, Muskogee, Indian Territory, June 28, 1906

Embry Droppit.

Guthrie, O. T., June 28.—It seems certain that John Embry cannot be confirmed as United States district attorney for Oklahoma, and the territorial administration and the Republican organization have endorsed John H. Cottrell, of Guthrie, for the place. Cottrell has agreed to take it, if Roosevelt will agree to confirm him in the position after appointment.

COOL, BREEZY SUMMER CLOTHES

We've an excellent showing. Some skeleton lined; some without lining, in mighty nobby effects--blue serges, checks, plaids, stripes and a dozen different light-weight clothes.

A good suit from \$5.50 \$15.00

I. HARRIS.



PAINT THE TOWN RED

or any other color, with the celebrated True-Tags Paint and its there to stay. It is the only paint that will withstand the intense heat, rain and wind peculiar to this climate. It is a high grade paint at a very low price, only \$1.25 per gallon. We also carry in stock a full line of Carriage and Wagon Paints, Seal's Enamel, Jap-lac, Glass, Putty, etc.

G. M. RAMSEY, Druggist. (Successor to Clark Drug Co.)

A Timely Suggestion To Property Owners and Mortgagees:

Tornadoes and wind-storms have destroyed millions of dollars worth of property. In a few moments the savings of a lifetime disappear. Your property, or that held in trust by you, may at any time be similarly damaged or destroyed. How would you be affected by such a loss? Are you insured? A liberal form of contract protecting you in such an emergency can be had at low rates of premium from

OTIS B. WEAVER, FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.

PAUL W. ALLEN,
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable.
Horses Boarded by Day or Week.
Satisfaction Guaranteed. Best of Service.
Allen Livery Barn
South Townsend Ave., Phone 64.

OTIS B. WEAVER
Continues in the Real Estate Business
And will give careful and energetic attention to all business entrusted. He has some very bargains in Ada real estate. Manager for beautiful Sunrise Addition. Office headquarters for prospectors
Weaver Building, 12th and Broadway.

Patronize Home Industry
By Buying Ice From
Ada Ice and Fuel Co.
Keep Your Money at Home.
We Handle the Best Grades of Coal.
Phone 249. Office at Ice Plant.

OVERDRAFTS
It is becoming well known by business men that overdrafts, whether large or small, are not approved by the controller of the currency. The only safe way to avoid overdrafts is to use the power that be. This unbusinesslike habit of overdrafts grew out of advancing on moving products, such as cotton, grain and fat stock on the move. The overdraft system is wrong and the man whose account is always overdrawn is the man who spends more money than he makes and will finally have no bank account.
Ada National Bank.
Capital and Surplus, \$25,000. Ada, Ind.

OTIS B. WEAVER, PUBLISHER
M. D. STEINER, BUSINESS MGR.

Entered as second class mail matter March 25, 1904, at the post office at Ada, Indian Territory under the Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application

A SEWERAGE SYSTEM NEXT.

YET another thing, against the coming of statehood, Ada lacks—a sewerage system.

Now, let not our conservative taxpayers get frightened. If they will but stay to reason they will perceive the serious lack, the urgent need.

No one will deny that the city needs waterworks, and it has waterworks. Sewerage is a necessary companion utility to waterworks. It is impossible to keep a big town clean, and therefore healthful, without adequate sewerage.

There are certain businesses in Ada, such as bath houses, livery stables, hotels, printing establishments and various manufacturing plants, which without such drainage for their refuse are unabatable nuisances, however hard the owners may try to prevent it. Besides, in a community 4,000 thick scavengers can scarcely work fast enough in the residence district to keep it cleanly and healthful. The removal of the excess refuse must be facilitated. Sewerage is the only remedy.

This is a municipal improvement necessary in the eyes of the average investor. We are looking forward confidently, within the next year, to more railroads, a much larger city, and to extensive investments by foreign capital. Those investors looked for will as a rule, come from places enjoying sewerage service; they will be men who consider that public utility a necessity. And should they come here and find our citizenship indifferent to such improvements, the best of them will pass us up for more progressive towns.

Competent engineers will testify that the grade prevailing within the corporate limits is excellent for the construction of a good system. Moreover the city officers will assure you the municipal finances are in capital condition. At an exceedingly low valuation this year the taxable valuation is \$900,000. There exists against this a

bonded indebtedness of only \$45,000, \$30,000 of which is for waterworks and the remainder for schools. Already the sinking fund with which to pay this off has accumulated to \$5000. Recently M. D. Timberlake, chairman finance committee of the City Council, communicated with our bond holders seeking to pay at once that amount on the bonds; but they refused, saying the security was too good to accept payment before maturity, that instead they preferred to buy more of our bonds. This indicates the city's good credit abroad. We have been paying 2 per cent taxes, an exceedingly low taxation for a young Western town. Suppose we should issue \$30,000 worth of 5 per cent bonds for sewerage; they would be readily salable at a premium, and to provide for interest on same and a sinking fund would entail an increased taxation of scarcely more than two mills.

But that is not all. With sewerage service the scavenger fees saved would probably amount to as much as the additional tax. Furthermore, property not reached by the system would enjoy the general enhancement of property values which inevitably follows a public improvement of such magnitude—and to an extent far beyond the taxes paid. Another item not to be ignored: The building of sewerage would entail the consumption of a much greater volume of city water than is now used. This would bring increased revenues to the city's waterworks plant.

The News is heartily in favor of the enterprise, and believes the great bulk of our citizens will be of like mind after due thought is given the matter. Let the thinking and agitating begin at once. Already a number of the leading tax payers have spoken favorably on the project. The News gladly proffers its columns for a thorough discussion, pro and con.

THE GOVERNOR'S REASON

It's a bit curious that Governor Frantz, who landed the biggest plum in the Oklahoma orchard, is the only man in the two territories who has disclaimed designs on something in the new state. This though as yet he has scarcely smelt powder in the warfare of politics. The governor says he's broke. That's a good reason, but we suspect he is also sketched. He wants to get into the army where the Democrats can't touch him.

An idea: Ada people, having no other way to celebrate the Glorious Fourth, can go down and help the powder men blast out the Oklahoma central right-of-way.

"WHAT will Arizona do?" asks a New York paper by way of heading an elaborate editorial on statehood. We don't give a continental what Arizona does. As for us, we're comin' on in.

Children's Day at Shiloh

The above Children's Day will be observed at the Shiloh Baptist Church on the 7th day of July, 1906, which will be Saturday, two miles south of Frank's I. T. Everybody is invited to come and bring with them a basket full of good things to eat. We are expecting and looking for Brother W. P. Blake, the general missionary of Indian Territory, to be with us and he will bring with him our Brother W. S. Wyly, who is in the interest of Sunday schools, employed by the American Baptist Publication Society. On Saturday night and Sunday we will have some soul stirring sermons preached by these two amiable brethren. Everybody is invited to come out and hear. If you don't learn anything new you will learn old things better in God's blessed book by inspiration given and if you faithfully follow the course here marked out you will not be shipwrecked.

Scripture reading, in concert, school standing—A Psalm of Praise. Words of welcome by the superintendent.

Responsive scripture reading led by assistant superintendent. Singing by the school—The Rose Strewn Way.

Recitations—(a) God Give Us Men—by a young man.

(b) Speak the Good Word.

(c) Give in the Sunshine

(d) The Master Sculptor—by a young lady.

Singing by the school—The Flowers in June.

Recitations—(a) Reliance.

(b) The Girl Who Smiles.

(c) Advice.

Select readings—A Nature Prayer—by a young lady.

Class exercise. A song for the Homeland—by several boys, school joins in singing first and last stanzas of My Country 'Tis for Thee.

Primary department exercises. Recitations—(a) Truly Ye Have Received—by a girl.

(b) Only Small Boys.

Class exercise—God's Gifts—by three small girls.

Singing by the primary school—Bearing Fruit for Jesus.

Recitations—(a) The Way of a Boy.

(b) My Grandma.

Class exercise—God is Love—by Nine Little People.

Singing by the school—Summer Days.

Recitations—(a) The Boy of His Word.

(b) How a Little Helps.

Address on the missionary work of the American Baptist Publication Society—offerings.

Emblematic piece—Homeward Bound—by several young people.

Singing by the school—On This Happy Children's Day.

Prof. F. J. Wilbanks, the western singer, will be with us.

H. COLBERT, Pastor.

Letter to Samuel Harris, Ada, I. T.

Dear Sir: A big mill-owner, Spartansburg, S. C., wanted 5,000 gallons of paint, and bought by price; paid 5c less than ours; got a "lead-and-zinc" paint; but the lead was sulphate of lead, not carbonate. Sulphate costs about half; and covers about half.

That paint was adulterated about six times as much as the 5 cents paid for. He "saved" 5 cents, and it cost him 30.

Oh no; it cost him more than that; we forgot the labor. Can't work it out exactly; don't know how long it'll wear.

Short-measure besides; that alone was twice as much as his "saving" 5 cents.

It was thin, too; some loss there; don't know how much.

There was too much dryer in it. The maker made something on that; he didn't.

Taking it altogether, he didn't make much by that 5 cents.

Go by the name: and the name is Devoe lead-and-zinc.

Yours truly

F. W. Devoe & Co

New York, Chicago and Kansas City

Better Than Any Other

Cuero, Tex., May 28, 1905.

"Ship one gross Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. We have been selling your Chill Cure for four years and it gives better general results than any Chill Tonic we have ever sold."—Cuero Drug Co. Sold by G. M. Ramsey, druggist.

An Alarming Situation

Frequently results from neglect of clogged bowels and torpid liver, until constipation becomes chronic. This condition is unknown to those who use Dr. King's New Life Pills; the best and gentlest regulators of stomach and bowels. Guaranteed by G. M. Ramsey and Dr. F. Z. Holley, druggists. Price 25c.

THE PILLAGER INDIANS.

Hereditary Home of a Tribe Who Trace Back Perhaps Twenty Centuries.

A long, deep, clear and very cold body of water called Brunsdike lake, north of Lake Superior near the Canadian boundary, contains, among over 100 other beautiful islands, a certain sunny islet that is of great interest to the archaeologist.

These islands and waters, writes Frank Abiel Flower, in Records of the Past, constitute the hereditary home of the Pillager Indians, who are pagans. One of these islands (known as Flower Island) is, as it has been for generations, the seat of the Pillager kings. On it sleep, according to tribal tradition, over 50 successive Pillager rulers, the ancestors of the present chief or king, who, he says, must have reigned an average of 30 or 40 years each, as he himself has been chief for more than half a century.

Think of a dynasty extending over a period of perhaps 20 centuries! The more modern graves are carefully roofed with cedar bark, which, when kept dry and away from the earth, is almost imperishable. The very ancient graves have been essentially obliterated by the ravages of the elements. At the head of each of the traceable graves is carved the peculiar heraldic insignia of the king who sleeps beneath, and above him are placed receptacles for the mah-no-mia (wild rice), fish, berries and other food which are brought annually by the related members of the tribe to appease, as they suppose, the hunger of the departed.

Extravagance for the Dead.

Burial customs were once modest with our people. But complicated and costly living appears to have made simple dying impossible, remarks the New York Mail. We run to weak ostentation in the surroundings and trappings of mortality. It is necessary to obtain this, to purchase that; it is the only good form, nothing else will do. It is the consideration of the living that we think about, not the simple respect due the dead. We forget that the costlier the earthly memorial we erect the shallower may be the record that we cut upon the tablets of our hearts.

Pleasant for Him.

"I was so sorry to hear of your daughter eloping with young Sadger."

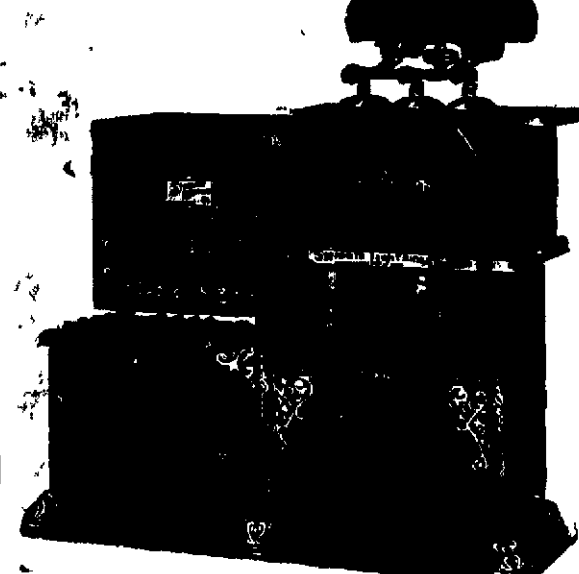
"You needn't condole with me," interrupted Henpeck. "I'm tickled to death."

"But he's such an impertinent upstart."

"Well, it'll be a positive joy to have some one in the family who can talk up to my wife."—Philadelphia Ledger.

New Process Gasoline Stoves

The Best of All See Them



We have only a few Refrigerators left (the Leader) the best made. They are a luxury in the home. Sewing Machines, none better made, and prices low. Buy everything in the hardware line

From R. E. HAYNES The Hardware Merchant

Opposite Citizens National Bank.

Prices Are Right.

ADA, I. T. (O K)

ELECTRIC FANS AND IRONS

WE are receiving a shipment of 1906 Residence Electric Fans, which are beauties. We also have a line of Electric Smoothing Irons, which will make ironing day a pleasure. We cheerfully invite the ladies of Ada to visit our plant and examine these iron- and fans.

Ada Electric & Gas Co.



HEALTH AND VITALITY

DR. MOTT'S NERVE AND BLOOD TONIC. The great iron and tonic pill and restorative for men and women, produces strength and vitality, but us up the system and renews the worn vitality, bringing health and happiness. 60 doses in a box. For sale by all druggists or we will mail it, securely wrapped, on receipt of price, \$1.00 per box or 6 boxes for \$5.00. Dr. Mott's Chemical Co., Cleveland, O.

A Full Line of
May Manton Bazar PATTERNS
10c each. Catalogues 10c. Fashion Sheet Free.
These patterns are the best that can be purchased anywhere at any price.
Reed & Harrison

4 Trains a Day
Between
Chicago, Indianapolis and Cincinnati
VIA
MONON ROUTE
Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Ry. Co.
Finest Pullman Equipment, Including Compartment Cars, Incomparable Dining-Car Service.
The "LIMITED," A NEW TRAIN, leaving Chicago at 11:20 p. m., arriving Cincinnati 7:35 a. m., and leaving Cincinnati 11:25 p. m., arriving Chicago 7:40 a. m., is an especially popular train. Carries Indianapolis layover sleeper.
Chas. H. Rockwell, Traffic Manager.
Frank J. Reed, Gen. Pass. Agent

THE
SUNSET ROUTE
OCEAN to OCEAN
Offers the Best
Fast Trains, Latest Dining, Sleeping and Observation Cars Between
New Orleans and California, Daily
Through Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico and Arizona, and will carry you over the
Road of a Thousand Wonders
that you read so much and hear so much about from the press and the people. Oil burning loco motives all the way; no smoke, no cinders. For beautiful illuminated literature and other information, see nearest Sunset Ticket Agent.

THE NEWS' SOUVENIR ALBUM

Will Portray Ada and Ada Country in Beautiful Half-Tone Pictures Made From

Actual Photographs

There will be Nearly 150 Views and no Expense is being spared in Compiling the Work

See Us About It

LOCAL NEWS

Big Statehood Rally Shawnee 4th. 84-2t

C. C. Hargis is in Franks today.
W. H. Ebey is in Tupelo today.
Dr. Nolen returned from Texas today.

Frank Byrd, of Franks, is in the city.

Dr. Bisant, dentist, over Ada National Bank. tf-279

Mrs. G. W. Cox returned today from Ozark, Ark.

Think about that barbecue at 12th street Market. 82-5t-d-pd.

Miss Alice Long has recovered from a two weeks' illness.

Dr. B. H. Erb, dentist, Henley & Biles building. Phone No. 1. tf-233

Mr. Norman, of Maxwell, is in town today.

J. J. Hardin, one of Oakman's substantial farmers, was in town today.

FOR RENT:—A furnished room.

J. T. Starling, of the southwest Ada vicinity, is in town today.

Mrs. T. J. Worthington, W. 14th St. 82-d-5t

Dr. T. H. Granger, dentist, over First National Bank. Phone 212. tf-74

Cam Galt and A. F. Pyeatt, of Pauls Valley, are transacting business in the city today.

WANTED—Girl, white or colored, for general housekeeping.—G. M. Ramsey, 14th and Rennie. 82-d-3t.

Mr. E. T. Norvill and wife, of near Center, are in town trading today.

J. J. Hardin leaves today for Comanchie, Texas, where he will visit his brothers.

Artistic millinery at interesting prices during the big sale this week at Westcott's, opposite postoffice. 83-3t

Chas. Little is at his place of business again after a brief illness.

FOR SALE.—Surrey and harness.

Mrs. T. J. Worthington W. 14th St. 82-d-5t

Greatest of all sales will be the big millinery sale Thursday afternoon and all day Friday and Saturday at Westcott's. 82-3t

Miss Lucile McCarty, of Durant, came in Thursday, the guest of her friend Miss Clyde Sipes, on east 14th street.

Low rates to Shawnee for the "Great Big 4th." Come sure. 84-2t

The News is informed that owing to the great success of a meeting at Stonewall, Rev. Morgan will not begin a meeting here until Monday evening.

Reserved seats for the band concert are now on sale at Ramsey's drug store.

M. M. Sanders, who is soliciting in the country, is at home today.

Mrs. A. K. Thornton is visiting her parents in Quinton. She will be joined by Mr. Thornton in a few days and they together will visit in Tennessee.

Mr. Slocum, of near Francis, informs us that the school club at Homer, elected trustees recently and a free school system will be had next fall. They are Chas. Morper, Ingram, Carney and Martin, and Lish Martin.

Band concert at the Opera House tonight. You ought to go.

Miss Kathryn Yater, who has been with the News for the past two months' left today for her home in Osgood, Ind. Miss Yater has made scores of friends during her short stay here and they, as well as the News, regret that she leaves Ada.

But like all others, when there's a while, she will eventually return to the best country on the globe.

Do You Need Shoes?

If you want a pair of Shoes that combine style, elegance and individuality with the best leather and excellent workmanship, why not try ours? You will be satisfied with your selection. The latest correct styles for men, women and children

CHAPMAN The Shoe Man.

Attend the band concert tonight.

Mrs. Bettie Collins, of San Antonio, Texas, who has been visiting her brother J. P. Gaar, returned to her home today.

If you know anything that is newsy phone the News, No. 4.

R. C. Slocum, of near Francis, was in town today. He says never before in six years has this country been blessed with such great crop prospects.

A sale of special interest to all ladies—the sale of fine millinery at less than half price at Westcott's. 83-3t

Miss Kathryn Rater, who has been with the Ada News for the past two months, left today for her home on the Wabash in Indiana today.

Shawnee the 4th. "Big Day." 84-2t

Carlton Weaver is chasing down items for the News. He begs you to remember matters of interest and tell him about them.

If you have a neighbor who make it a practice of borrowing the News, tell them 10c is not much.

Miss Mollie Jernigan left Thursday for a two months' visit with friends and relatives in Hopkinsville, Pam-broke and Franklin, Ky.

If you want a good local column in the News phone us and tell us what you know No. 4.

Mrs. Harrison Entertains.

On Thursday evening Mrs. Geo. Harrison entertained a dozen couples of Ada society folks at her home on east 15th street in honor of Miss Lillie Reed, of Decatur, Texas. The lawn was brilliantly illuminated with electricity and until a late hour the young people enjoyed games and refreshments. Misses Warren and Case, two of Ada's leading pianists, favored the occasion with music.

Wouldn't Dine at White House.

Washington, June 29.—John Willis of Glasgow, Mont., was invited by the President to take dinner with him last night. Willis declined and gave as his reason that he did not have a dress suit.

"Oh, that needn't worry you at all," insisted the President.

"It makes lots of difference, Mr. President," answered Willis. "I know what's proper even if I don't always do the right thing. Besides, I don't like dress suits."

"You'd be just as welcome at my table if you came in buckskin trousers," was the cordial response of the President.

"I'm sure that's true," went on Willis, "but I guess I'll eat down where I'm bunking."

Willis and the President ranch together years ago and grew to be fond of each other.

JUDGE US

by our Soda. It has made hundreds of regular customers for us in the past. No expense has been spared to make it perfect—the most DELICIOUS BEVERAGE that can be produced. Our syrups are from FRESH FRUIT. They are PURE. A menu of one hundred cold drinks and you will like them all.

Mason Drug Co.
Telephone 55.
Ada, - I. T.

Weaver for Congress.

Pauls Valley, I. T., June 29.—The Political pot is boiling. Everybody has some favorite candidate to present. A large number are candidates themselves.

But by far the most enthusiastic endorsement accorded to any man so far is given to Claude Weaver as a candidate for congress. Mr. Weaver is out pressing his canvass for all there is in it.

Cattlemen Must Go.

Lawton, Ok., June 29.—The cattle men who have leases in the prairie district in the northern part of the Chickasaw Nation are fearful lest the advent of statehood put them out of business in order that room may be made for the farmer. J. H. Stein of the cattle firm of Stein & Silverside said today as he left for Tuttle.

"It is only a matter of time until we will be pushed out of the Nation. Our firm has ten thousand acres leased near Tuttle, and we have all our Territory cattle in the pasture there. After statehood is secured the cattlemen expect that the Indians who own the land will be persuaded to lease it to the farmers and that will push us out."

Tens of thousands of acres are under lease by several of the biggest firms in the Southwest in the Chickasaw Nation.

Those Who May Sell.

Muskogee, I. T., June 29.—The following named persons' applications for the removal of the restriction from the alienation of the lands allotted them exclusive of their homesteads has been approved by the Secretary of the Interior:

Chickasaws—Simeon Jefferson, Carbon; Louisa Harris, Savannah; Wesley Parker, Sterrett; Lena B. Swink; Swink; James Martin, Stigler; Sidney Spring, Tuskaheema; Le Flore Dillard, Belzoni; Sophia D. Durant, Bennington; Sarah Combs, Hugo; Levi Harkins, Duncan; Ada Taylor, Indianhome.

The following have been disapproved: Creeks—Williams Perryman, Clarkeville; Jerick Nero, Edna.

Chickasaw—Ellis Bean, Oakman.

Chickasaw—Elias Wesley, Cainesville; Simpson Bohanon, Tuskoema; Turner McIntosh, Enterprise; Jessie Terripin, Tahlequah, Katie Putman, Fort Gibson; William Paris, Tulsa; John Sanders, Locust Grove; John Viseory, Collinsville; Sarah Smith, Cleary; Samuel Bright, Westville; Rengir Hicks, Melvin; Annie Pradee, Bartlesville; Hannah E. Jackson, Forum.

JULY 4th.



To accommodate the extra travel July 4th, the M. K. & T. will run special train leaving Atoka 6 a. m., arriving at Oklahoma City 11:30 a. m. Leave Oklahoma City 6:30 p. m. arriving at Atoka 11:30 p. m. This train will make stops at all stations.

Frisco Rates for the Fourth.

For the Fourth of July Frisco will sell tickets at one and one third fare for round trip between stations where one way rate is \$7.50 or less. Tickets on sale July 3rd, and 4th, limit for return July 6th, 1906. I. McNair, Agent.

Deadly Serpent Bites

are as common in India as are stomach and liver troubles with us. For the latter however there is a sure remedy: Electric Bitters; the great restorative medicine, of which S. A. Brown of Bennettsville, S. C. says: "They restored my wife to perfect health after years of suffering with dyspepsia and a chronically torpid liver." Electric Bitters cure chills and fever, malaria, biliousness, lame back, kidney troubles and bladder disorders. Sold on guarantee by G. M. Ramsey and Dr. F. Z. Holley, Druggist. Price 50c.

When our soldiers went to Cuba and the Philippines health was the most important consideration. Willis T. Morgan, retired Commissary Sergeant U. S. A., of Rural Route 1, Concord, N. H., says: "I was two years in Cuba and two years in the Philippines, and being subject to colds I took Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which kept me in perfect health. And now, in New Hampshire, we find it the best medicine in the world for coughs, colds, bronchial troubles and all lung diseases." Guaranteed at G. M. Ramsey's and Dr. F. Z. Holley, Druggist. Price 50c and \$1.00.

Out of 20 Kinds the Best.

"Ship one gross Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. It gives the best satisfaction of about 20 brands I carry."—J. R. Hafford, druggist, Rector, Ark. Children like it. Sold on a signed guaranty by G. M. Ramsey druggist.

M. K. T. Special

Round trip rates From Ada I. T.:

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 11th 12th and 13th, \$20.55.

Mexico City, Mex., Aug. 15th to Sept. 1st, \$38.00.

Galveston, Tex., June 1st to Sept. 30th, \$18.90.

San Francisco, Cal., June 25 to July 7, \$52.

Mexico City, Mexico, June 25 to July 7, \$40.

Portland, Ore., June 18 to 22, \$47.55.

Omaha, Neb., July 10 to 13, \$17.10.

Denver, Col., July 10 to 15, \$23.70.



C. F. Orchard, Agent.

I have opened the

Twelfth Street Meat Market

and ask a share of your patronage. Nothing but the best of meats will be carried and your patronage will be given the most careful attention.

C. L. HICKEY.



Travel Right

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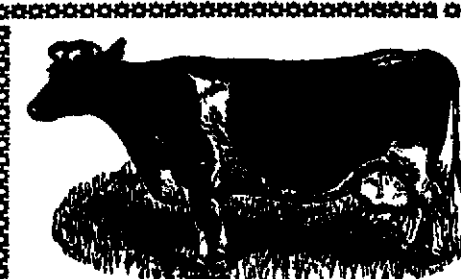
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Jelly glasses with tin covers, 24c per doz.

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PROGRAMME

Ada Band Concert

Friday Evening, June 29, 1906, at 8:30

- 1 Band "The Rambler." —Crumley
- 2 Piano Duet "Invitation to the Dance." Misses Case and Warren
- 3 Violin and Cornet "Valurille Dunari." Messrs. Cummings and Stevenson. Miss Eddleman, Piano.
- 4 Piano Solo "Faust Fantasia." —Sidney Smith Miss Murry Lucas.
- 5 Band March "The Request." —Brundridge
- 6 Vocal Solo "Mexico." Miss Eddleman. Miss Warren, Piano.
- 7 Vocal Duet "O! That We Two Were Maying." —Smith Misses Gertrude Case and Murry Lucas. Miss Warren, Piano.
- 8 Violin, Cornet, Piano "Alpen Klange." Messrs. Cummings and Stevenson and Miss Eddleman.
- 9 Vocal Solo "Meditation." Miss Snead. Miss Case, Piano.
- 10 Band "Santa Claus March." —Ripley

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RODENT ENEMIES OF THE FARM AND WARFARE ON THEM

Two-Thirds of the Farm Area of the United States Suffers from the Depredations of the Little Animals.

Time was when the American farmer would have laughed to scorn the notion that he could be afraid of a mouse. And yet this is undeniably the situation in which he finds himself to-day.

There is a plague of meadow mice, which at periodical intervals assumes the proportions of an epidemic, the little rodents multiplying in enormous numbers and devouring the trees and crops. Such an epidemic recently extended clear across the country from Massachusetts to the Rocky mountains, the mice appearing in veritable armies. In the Mississippi valley they did hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of damage.

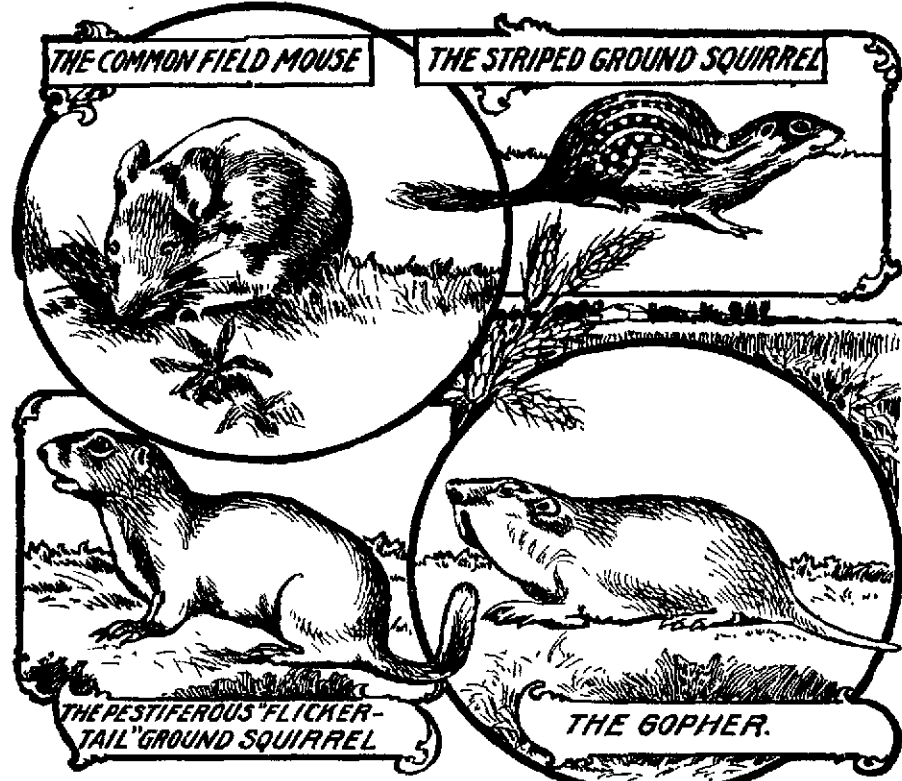
These are not the common field mice. They are of quite a different species—thick-set little fellows, with square heads and short tails. Assailed by them, the farmers are well-nigh helpless, inasmuch as they are too small and too numerous to be destroyed by guns, or by traps, or by poisons. For which reason it is that the department of agriculture is trying to find a new and effective means for wiping them out wholesale.

It is a microbe that is wanted—a bacillus which can be used to infect the rodent legions with a deadly and easily distributed malady. Such germs are obtainable—one of them has recently been employed with most satisfactory results in Europe—and the

chance. Two species of these ground squirrels annually destroy from two to five per cent. of the grain crops in the state of Washington, and from four to ten per cent. of all crops produced in that state, where the total loss caused by them runs up into millions of dollars yearly. In the wheat fields (Washington raises about \$15,000,000 worth of wheat per annum) the loss is at least one dollar per acre. All of which makes no reckoning of money spent in trapping and poisoning of the pestiferous creatures, which in a single country (Whitman) amounts to \$500,000 each twelvemonth.

Twenty years ago Dr. Elliott Cones, a famous naturalist, wrote of some observations which he had made of one species of ground squirrel, commonly known as the "flickertail," on a journey through the northwest.

The evil in question is one of great magnitude over more than two-thirds of the United States. There are about 35 species of these ground squirrels, and one of the most destructive of them, the striped spermophile, has a special trick of digging up newly planted corn. In this way large fields of corn are often destroyed by them, and have to be planted over several times. It is the same way with wheat, oats, barley and rye. As the grains begin to develop soon after blossoming, the ground squirrels cut down the stalks and eat them. And later on, when the



A QUARTETTE BEFORE WHICH THE FARMER TREMBLES.

government experts are looking for a suitable kind. When it is obtained they propose to propagate it artificially, placing "cultures" of it in the hands of farmers perhaps, with instructions for using the stuff in such a way as to make it as detrimental as possible to the mice.

The meadow mice are especially destructive to fruit trees, the bark of which they know, but they also attack crops. They cut down the stalks of grain, spilling in this way several times as much as they eat, and, when the grain is harvested and left standing in shocks they take possession of the latter, building their nests in them. In winter they make tunnels under the snow, carrying on their mischievous work unobserved.

Now, the chief cause of the mouse plague seems to be found in the reckless killing off of the natural enemies of the little rodents, such as foxes, weasels, owls and hawks. Owls and hawks, which are among the best friends of the farmers, and the deadly foes of the mice, are destroyed whenever possible, bounties for them being actually offered in many of the states. In this way the balance of nature has been upset, and hence the enormous multiplication of the furry pests that occurs at intervals. The same remarks, indeed, apply to other kinds of gnawing animals which are at the present time eating millions of dollars worth of crops in this country annually.

In Florida, owing to similar causes, cotton rats have become vastly destructive. In fact, all along the gulf coast they swarm, and at times they multiply to such an extent as to amount to a literal plague, like the voles which from time to time have overrun parts of Europe. Living under cover of tall grass and weeds, around the edges of cultivated fields and along the banks of streams and ditches, they make bulky nests of grass on the surface of the ground or in underground burrows. They eat both the green and the ripening grain, and often their runways are fairly lined with cotton that has been pulled from the bolls and dragged under cover. Some of the cotton they carry away for their nests.

Nearly related to the cotton rats are the rice rats, which range as far north as the dismal swamp of Virginia.

Of much more serious importance than the mouse problem is another rodent pest that devours the crops to a greater or less extent over most of the west. This is the "spermophile," or ground squirrel—a small burrowing animal which eats pretty nearly everything that the farmer grows, and which will even carry off young chickens from the poultry yards when it gets a

grain is hard, they carry quantities of it into their burrows, to be consumed at leisure. They dig up squash, melon and other seeds; and another little trick of theirs is to cut holes in nearly ripe muskmelons and watermelons, to get at the seeds.

Yet another rodent nuisance which does immense damage is the "gopher," a little animal, often confused with the ground squirrel, but which is altogether different, living underground like a mole and rarely appearing above ground. It is described by Dr. Merriam of the department of agriculture as one of the most ferocious of living animals. Apparently it is not afraid of anything, and it will even attack a man on slightest provocation and try to eat him up. Its tail is an organ of touch, and it can run backwards as rapidly as forwards. But the most remarkable thing about it, perhaps, is its battery of teeth, with which it is able to make 13,200 cuts a minute.

This remarkable creature is found everywhere in this country west of, and in, the Mississippi valley, and south of the Savannah river.

Here again the farmers have been making the mistake of killing off the weasels and harmless bull snakes, which are the worst enemies of the gophers. It is a favor which the gophers should highly appreciate, but for the interests of agriculture it is extremely unfortunate. Tillers of the soil in this country are the most intelligent and best-informed people of their class in the world, and it is high time they should realize the danger of interfering with nature too much. Nature makes abundant provision for regulating the numbers of animals and preventing their too rapid increase. But, in their blind efforts to arrange their friends instead of their foes—a kind of mistake which is largely accountable for the rodent plagues that are causing so much anxiety at the present time.

AN OPTIMIST.—Secretary Wilson is surely an optimist. He says: "The grasshoppers will soon find so much to eat, that they will not be noticed, and the hot winds will find so much fresh and green to blow against that they will be checked and cooled. . . . In 1910 the production per acre will be twice as great as it was in 1900."

FEEDING ENGLISH BACONHOGS.—In England, practically all the breeders of "bacon" hogs use dairy by-products as the principal feed in their stock.

COLORADO'S LAMB CROP.—Over a million lambs were raised in Colorado last year. In the San Luis valley alone there were over 300,000 sheep.

Story of the Breaking of the Heifer

BY EDGAR L. VINCENT.
What now, my son? That's a pretty big stick to be bringing into the stable. What are you going to do with it?"
Laddie looked sheepish at the words and seemed somehow to wish he hadn't done it. Still, like every boy, he had an explanation of his conduct.
"Why, don't you remember that article you were reading in the farm paper the other evening about the way to break heifers to milk? The man said to get a good whip and just the minute the heifer stirred after you sat down to milk her, get right up and give her a good cut with the switch. He said if a fellow stuck to that a few times the heifer would get sick



BETTER THAN THE STICK METHOD.

of kicking and stop. Thought I would try it on Beauty, to see how it would work."

There it was. I did remember that article, and I know that I thought then that that man must be a pretty hard hearted man, and his heifers of a different stripe and of a milder spirit than any I ever saw if they would stand it to be struck that way and not kick him just about out of the window. What a way that would be to teach a nice heifer to stand while being milked! It is a shame.

"Now, Laddie," I said as soon as I could get my thoughts together enough to meet this new situation, "I guess I wouldn't do that. Seems to me there is a better way. We never had any such times about getting our heifers broke in. Let's think about that a little."

"Well, Beauty kicked a blue streak this morning, don't you remember?" I remembered. There was a sore

place on one of my shins yet. That would not let me forget quite yet.

"I know, but Laddie, it is all so new to her yet. She doesn't quite understand about it. Now suppose you were just beginning to learn to do some new piece of work. Would you want some one to haul up and give you a good whack across the back if you happened to make a mistake and do something not quite right? Wouldn't you kick worse than little Beauty does? And wouldn't you be all the time looking out after that for cuts of that kind? Beauty is a nice heifer. We do not want to have her spoiled at the very start."

"How would you get at it, then, father?"

The whip was laid down. I know Laddie never really liked that way but there it was in the paper, and wasn't it all right, if you see it in the paper?

"Come in, and we'll try it, Laddie. Now, you know, it must seem queer to Beauty to have us reaching around her this way. You just slip around in front of her and give her a bit of something good to eat. Stand there and talk to her as you feed her. Rub her nose a little once in a while. In the meantime I will see what I can do at the milking. We must remember to be very patient. All ready now? Then here goes."

I sit down holding the pail firmly between my legs. I plant myself squarely to stand shocks for they may come. I speak gently. When the shocks come I hold on like a leech. But I do not scold. Laddie does his part well, and soon the heifer begins to forget about me. The nice bits of food that Laddie puts up for her take her attention from what is going on behind. Now and then I stop to stroke her sides softly and speak to her encouragingly.

"All right now," I say in the same steady tone of voice after a time. "That's all for this time."

"Got any milk in your pail, father?" I know there is a smile back of the question.

"Yes, and some on my clothes, my boy. But I have got something else that is worth more—my self respect and the confidence of the little heifer! Two or three times more and we will have her all right. We didn't have to use the whip, either!"

"Well, what I would like to know is, why did they put that piece in the paper?"

I have wondered about that myself. Why did they?—Farmers' Voice.

Rhubarb Growing Which Pays

Cumberland county, New Jersey, has of recent years developed a new industry, particularly a winter industry with many people. The raising of rhubarb increases each season. For the winter market the roots are left in the ground until after they are frozen, and then crated like so many chunks of rock and put in an especially prepared house. A correspondent of the Rural New Yorker tells of one man at Greenwich, N. J., who has a house 37 feet wide by 224 feet long, where he raises over \$1,600



LOAD OF RHUBARB FOR THE CANNERY.

worth of rhubarb in a winter. The one-year-old roots do the best. The building is kept warm with three heaters, and no light allowed, as the light causes the leaves to develop, and it is stalks that are desired instead of leaves. A tin roof assures darkness; if under glass one-half of the growth goes to leaves. The frozen clods containing the roots are placed as close together as possible, then filled with dirt. This house can be filled twice during the winter. The first crop can



GROWING THE WINTER CROP.

be marketed for the Christmas trade and the next crop for the early spring market. The plants sell for 7 1/2 cents per hill, or \$200 per acre.

For the summer market, when it is raised in the open field, the rhubarb is carted to the factories by great wagon loads, as shown in our first illustration. This load contains about two tons, and at the factory it is worth about five dollars per ton.

It is suggested that a little might be raised in our heated cellars. Let the fire do double duty, heating the house and raising a crop.

PRINCIPLES OF FRUIT GROWING

By Prof. John Craig, of Cornell University.

At a meeting of horticulturists, Prof. John Craig, of Cornell university, said:

"Every modern system of cultivating fruit recognizes as a first principle the right of the fruit tree to be considered a specific and sufficient crop under the soil, or at least to be regarded as a crop quite as exhausting in character as any grown by the farmer.

Unless the fruit grower realizes and put into practice the essential part of this principle he will fail as a cultivator of fruits.

Experiments in orcharding conducted some years ago at the Cornell experiment station proved conclusively that it cost the soil more to produce 20 average crops of apples than 20 average crops of wheat.

In other words, more fertility was extracted from the land in growing an acre of bearing apples for 20 years than in growing 20 consecutive crops of wheat. As a rule, the farmer recognizes the food needs of the wheat plant, but too often does he look upon the apple tree or fruit tree as a mere tenant of the soil, and one which is not to be regarded as a specific crop.

Having recognized the principle, the particular method of orcharding must be worked out by the fruit grower himself. This method will depend upon soil conditions and climate. Nevertheless, it is safe to say that in eight cases out of ten that method which employs clean tillage for at least part of the season will be most successful. It is also safe to say that all secondary crops in orchards are injurious.

IMPROVING THE PLUMS.—The plums that have been stung by the curculio, and the wormy fruit of the early summer, should be picked off. It isn't much trouble, and it doesn't cost any more to do it now than later. The fruit that brings high prices will grow much larger if these parasites are removed.

POLLUTED WELLS.—The Illinois state board of health has been making a careful examination of a number of "farm wells" in the state, and has found 40 per cent. to be polluted. This helps to explain why the death rate from typhoid fever is greater in the country districts than in the cities.

JAPANESE CATTLE.—It has been discovered that Japanese cattle under natural conditions are free from tuberculosis. The development of an immune breed would mean a big victory in the fight against consumption.

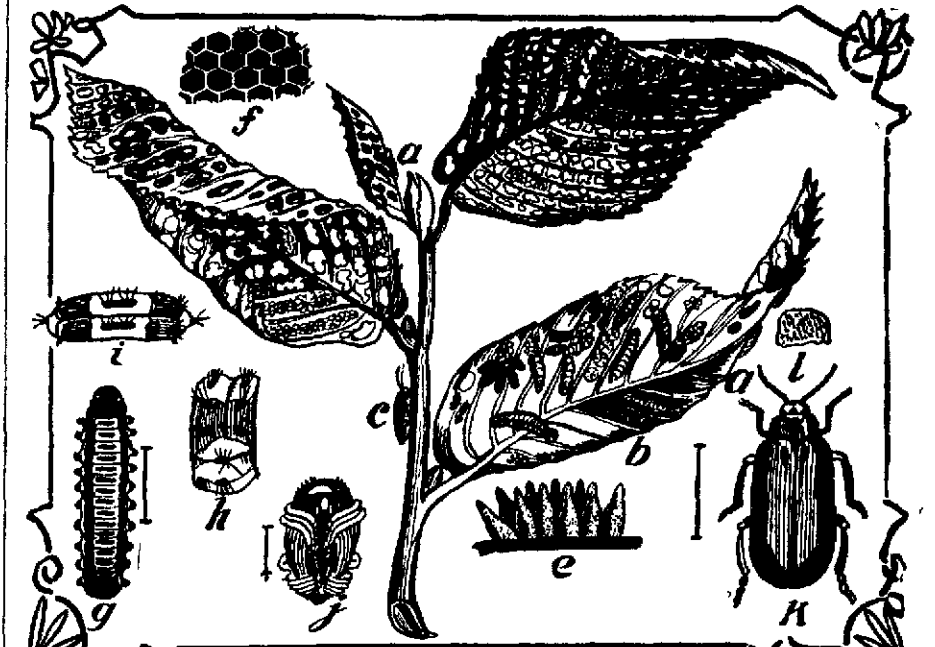
AN ELEPHANT FARM.—The latest addition to the list of "freak farms" in this country, is an elephant farm which is about to be established near Pasadena, Cal. It will be capable of maintaining a herd of 300 animals.

THE ELM LEAF BEETLE MAKING ITS WAY WEST

Insect Enemy First Imported from Europe Has Been Seen in Ohio and Illinois.

Until recently it has been supposed that there were no elm-leaf beetles west of the Alleghenys, as this insect was an importation from Europe. The probabilities are, however, that it is in existence in many places west of the Alleghenys, but its manifestations do not come under the notice of scientists. Within the last two years the

disappeared and have never been heard of in that locality since. This is in accordance with the character of this insect. Why it should appear on a single elm tree and then disappear entirely cannot be explained, except on the presumption that its bird enemies were so numerous as to exterminate its colony to the last insect. The pest, however, is an extremely dangerous



THE IMPORTED ELM-LEAF BEETLE.

Galeruca Xanthomelaena, a, eggs; b, larvae; c, adults; d, eggs (enlarged); e, structure of eggs; f, larvae (enlarged); g, side view of greatly enlarged segment of larvae; h, dorsal view of same; i, pupa (enlarge); k, the beetle; l, portion of elytron of beetle (greatly enlarged).

insect has been reported in destructive numbers in different parts of Ohio. A writer in the Farmers' Review tells of having seen some of these insects several years ago in one locality in Illinois, but they subsequently

one, and the moment that the insects become so numerous that the birds cannot destroy them they become a menace to the elm trees. Every effort should, therefore, be made against its getting a foothold in any locality.

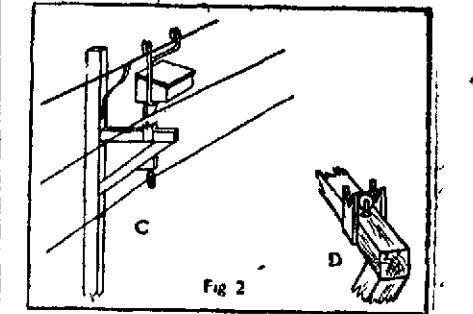
Trolley Line for Rural Mail Box

Patrons of rural routes living some distance back from the road will find a trolley for drawing the mail box to the house and sending it back again a great convenience. The illustrations show such a line, which was devised by a correspondent of the Rural New-Yorker.

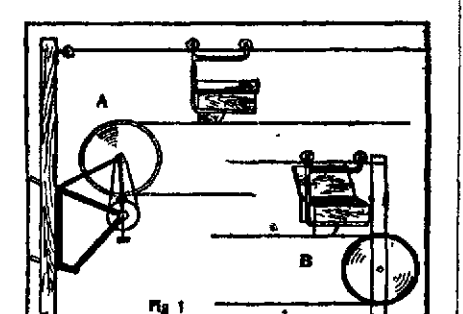
At the house end of the line a stout post is set in the ground and a bicycle, with saddle and front wheel removed, is fastened with pins against the post, as shown (Fig. 1), to serve as motive power. For the main wire No. 9 is the size used, and No. 17 galvanized for the belt wire. For a short line on level ground broom wire would do.

Posts are set every 50 or 60 yards between the house and the road ends of the line. Each of these intermediate posts has a bracket (D, Fig. 2) of 2x2-inch stuff, and an iron at the top

at these intermediate posts is shown at D, Fig. 2. The guides are of one-inch hard wood, screwed to the arm of the bracket. The outside pulley is underneath the arm and one foot distant from the other pulley, so that the wire cannot get tangled on windy days. A wire fence ratchet is used to keep the top wire tight. The post at the road end of the line has a wheel. An or-



ONE OF THE INTERMEDIATE POSTS.



TERMINALS OF THE LINE.

for supporting the main wire (C, Fig. 2). This iron is made of old spring-wagon tire with a half-round groove on top for the wire to rest in. The top wire is high enough above the notched guides below so the bottom of the box will not bump when passing a bracket. The arrangement of pulleys and guides

ordinary R. F. D. mail box is used, with a hard wood block one-half its length underneath it. The belt line starts at this block, runs the length of the line over the wheel on the post at the roadside, returns over the pulleys of the intermediate posts, passes around the bicycle wheel, and is fastened to the block under the box in a small hole in a piece of strap-iron fastened in the block. The wheel at the road end can be the front wheel of the bicycle or an old sewing machine wheel, and a trough or support for the box is provided at this end to hold it firm while being opened or closed (B, Fig. 1). The device as rigged up in this instance cost about five dollars. The line is 250 yards long and travels uphill 75 feet to the road. An electric alarm to let the patron know when there is mail in the box could be added by one of a little ingenuity.

Effect of Inoculation on the Growth of Snap Beans



TWO PLANTS OF SNAP BEANS GROWN IN ASHES. (The one on the right inoculated, the one on the left not inoculated. Notice large mass of nodules on the inoculated plant. Drawing made from photograph from the Virginia Experiment Station Bulletin.)